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THE DAILY GAZETTE.

GENERALITIES.

THE truffle crop of France has failed.

SAN FRANCISCO is troubled with organ grinders.

SMITHE has prepared a lecture upon Gin and Milk.

£20,000 is said to be what Disraeli will make out of Lothair.

THE Philadelphia *Ledger* has a new stock of obituary poetry.

SIX persons were struck by the sun in Philadelphia on Tuesday.

THE Rev. Phillips Brooks has gone to Europe on the Hammonia.

A HOME for invalid clergymen is to be founded in South Carolina.

PRAYERS for rain were recently offered up in the churches in England.

FRESHWOMEN are received as well as Freshmen at Indiana universities.

A DRUGGIST in Sacramento is hatching out a quarter of a million silk worms.

CASSELL'S Magazine is to have a series of articles on Feniamism, by Garabaldi.

A. T. STEWART'S income for 1869, as returned by him, does not reach $100,000.

THE White Stockings of Chicago beat the Haymakers of Troy 25 to 21, on Tuesday.

EAST SAGINAW, Michigan, has a new Spiritualistic magazine called the *Ecclution*.

AT Effingham Falls, N. H., the Dearborn flour mills were burned down on Sunday.

MRS. MARGARET SMITH took laudanum and died in Woodside, New Jersey, on Tuesday.

LADY LYTTON has returned to the charge and written another novel against her husband.

A BELT of black crickets, one mile wide and of unknown length, can be seen near Elko, Nev.

ALBERT REDMON, eleven years old, was drowned in the Ohio at Wheeling on Wednesday.

PLENTY of street fountains is the latest remedy for relaping fever suggested in Philadelphia.

RUMOR says the English mission has been tendered to ex-Governor Morgan and that he will accept.

CHINESE junks are now being built in this country and in the British Pacific provinces for China.

ON Tuesday Secretary Robeson delivered an address before the literary societies of Princeton College.

IT is estimated that the Delaware peach crop this year will amount to 1,333,333 baskets of marketable fruit.

THE value of real and personal property in Charleston, according to the returns of the assessors, is $30,500,000.

SIDOO FLY is said to have almost totally disappeared from New York. Even the hand organs have abandoned it.

CHICAGO editors return large incomes, made by advertising bankruptcies, divorces and delinquent tax payers.

"Adam and Eve" has been produced upon the boards at Munich. The costumes of the leading parties are not given.

THE Chinese people are as disagreeable as Chinese fire crackers we hope Pittsburgh may long be delivered from them.

THEOPHILUS ARNOLD, of Shirley, Me., shot himself through the heart last week. Jealousy was the cause and a funeral the effect.

INDIANA women have come to uniformly decline all invitations to distant visits during the session of the Court of Common Pleas.

ABOUT as jolly a bit of cheek as we have seen is the assertion by Canadian orators that "England is a clog on the progress of Canada."

A COPPERHEAD journal says: Ackerman is said to have "an expression of deep meditation." He is only trying to think why he got into the Cabinet.

MR. JOHN WELSH, of Philadelphia, has presented to the Episcopal Hospital in New York city a check of $18.000 with which to cancel its debts.

LIEUT. HITCHCOCK, commanding the Darien Surveying party, thinks he has discovered gold in the streams on the Pacific slope of the Isthmus.

ON Monday Charles A. Handwerker killed himself with a pistol in Louisville. He was dying of consumption and very much depressed in spirits.

CHARLES HOAGLAND, third mate of the steamboat Palestine, fell overboard and was accidentally drowned between Tell City and Cannelton, below Louisville.

THE way New York mothers get up fashionable babies is to rouge the cheeks of the little things and sew blonde curls inside their caps. Then they look "sweet."

A YOUTHFUL witness on being asked in the Meriden (Connecticut) Police Court, the other day, where he would go if he told a lie, replied, "To the Reform School." He was sworn.

THE poem entitled "The Children," which has been going the rounds, credited to Charles Dickens, turns out to have been written by Charles O. Dickinson, a lawyer of Binghamton, N. Y.

CHAS. READE thinks of coming to America to read his own novels. If he reads with as much power and originality as he writes, he will be far better worth hearing than was the late lamented.

THE New York papers say that nitroglycerine is usually sent through that city packed in carpet-bags, and the careless handling of one of these bags on a car might at any moment cost a hundred lives.

The New York *World* says: The use of sewage as an external application will be put in gratuitous operation this week in public bath-house at the foot of Fifth street, East River, and Thirteenth street, North River.

A CUBAN insurgent, Gonzales Juneo, who surrendered to and was pardoned by the Spanish government, was last week tried, convicted and executed for crime committed while he was an insurgent leader.

A FIRE at Burch's mill, Michigan, on the Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad, June 25th, destroyed the saw mill of Newman & Co., 1,200,000 feet of lumber and a number of dwellings Loss, $60,000; insurance, $8,000.

A HOSPITAL has been opened in New York especially for sunstrokes, where medical attendance, nourishment and care will be free, and a number of ambulances and an efficient ambulance corps will be connected with it.

THE Boston *Transcript* says the Clapp family will have a meeting on the 24th of August at Northampton, Mass. A. M. of Washington will preside, and the Rev. Dr. Clapp, of New York, will deliver an historical address.

IT is rather discouraging to young authors to be told that Dickens, notwithstanding the enormous amount of work he did and the unequalled position he achieved in the world of letters died worth only $400,000.

THE Pekin, Illinois, *Register* learns that the Union Pacific Railroad Company has paid to the widow of John Sturdevin, deceased, of that city, the sum of $5,000. Mr. S. was one of the victims of the late disaster on that road.

REIN CRANDALL, eighty years of age, living near Corydon, Harrison county, Indiana, committed suicide on the 21st inst., by hanging himself. The deed was caused by intense suffering, resulting from erysipelas in the face.

A COTEMPORARY says the effect of warm weather on the feline vocal organs is most wonderful. It adds a fullness, strength and endurance which nothing else (unless it be a boot-jack or brick-bat) appears to be capable of conferring.

GRAND preparations are being made for the "Woman's Suffrage Bazaar," which is to be held in Boston next fall. Its object is to raise $10,000 for the furtherance of the cause in New England, and the women feel sure of the money.

THE sea-side drowning season has been inaugurated this year by a Mr. Hopkins, of Vineland, who went in to bathe at Cape May at nine o'clock in the evening, and was drowned before a lifeboat could be launched to go to his rescue.

THE driver of a carriage in which an Indiana woman was on her way to file a petition for a divorce had drunk rather too much, and, overturning the vehicle, threw the woman out and broke her neck and the bond matrimonial at the same time.

A BRIDEGROOM interfered with a parson at Ringgold, Georgia, who, in accordance with the usual custom, desired to kiss the bride, and assured the preacher that as he had paid for the ceremony he was not going to have any of that fooling.

A THOUSAND Turkish houses have been thrown open for the accommodation of the Christians (Armenians) and others who were lately burned out in the great fire at Constantinople. And, besides this, the Turks have subscribed large sums of money for the relief of sufferers.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., has had an ordinance enacted against public bell-ringing as a means of attracting people, the law being employed to suppress a noisy auctioneer. Sufficient care was not taken in arranging the enactment, and the bell-ruse auctioneer has now suppressed the church bells.

THE lead mines in the vicinity of Locust Mound, Mo., are just now receiving great attention. Many leads are yielding from three to four thousand pounds a day to the hand, and the young men of the country are giving up farming for mining. The lead furnaces in the vicinity are in full blast.

THE poet Longfellow was, on one occasion, at a dinner party at which Nicholas Longworth was also present. Some one remarked to Mr. Longfellow that his name and that of Mr. Longworth's started out alike, but made a very dissimilar ending. "Yes," replied the poet, "and it affords only another proof, I am afraid—that worth makes the man, the want of it the fellow."

GEORGE H. STEWART, in his speech before the Christian Association at Indianapolis, said the most interesting sight he saw in London was not the Buckingham Palace, or the Great Exhibition, but two feeble Christian young men, with stammering tongues, but hearts filled with love, preaching to an audience of thieves and pickpockets and drunkards and fallen women, at midnight, in a part of London where they could not go in safety without two policemen.

WHEN Thackeray was buried, his friends, and among them the most noted of English authors, carried him to Kensal Green. There had been some estrangement between Dickens and Mark Lemon and as the coffin was lowered into its place, Dickens stood on the one side of the grave and Lemon on the other. As they raised their heads their eyes met, and instinctively patting out their hands, they clasped them in forgiveness, and their quarrel was buried in the grave of Thackeray.

A CHICAGO paper tells this story of Boston: A young lady of one of the most aristocratic families of the American Athens, went to her physician with a complaint that her ears were too large, and, under her instructions, he carefully removed a delicate crescent of pink gristle about an inch and a half long from each protuberant. He sewed up the wound, and the maiden, previously all forlorn, was delighted to behold two "pretty ears," as small, graceful and genteely tight to her head.

THE Jacksonville, Illinois, *Sentinel* says: "We learn that, during last week, a child of Mr. Abbott, aged about 18 months, was buried, having come to its death under the following circumstances. The mother had, a short time previously, given the child a drink of cold water, out of the spout of a tea kettle. The child, subsequently, found the kettle when it contained boiling water, and applying its mouth to the [illegible] and swallowed the hot water and steam. Death ensued in twenty four hours.

AN Chicago on Tuesday Tim Edwards, a brick maker, was killed by lightning. Dr. H. E. D'Evers, medical examiner, was crushed flat by a barrel of wine, which he was lowering to the cellar, falling upon him. He died in great agony. The roof of the pavillion at Dexter park was blown off, and a part of it struck John Coffee, aged sixty, and killed him the same storm blew down the pigeon roost at the park, and allowed ten thousand birds to escape. An Irish laborer, name unknown, died of sunstroke, as did a teamster named John Artie.

PENNSYLVANIA.

CHAMBERSBURG wants a public bath house.

THE Ebensburg *Alleghenian* says that Mr. Joseph Richter, an aged citizen of Carrol township, in that county, was killed by sun stroke on Monday.

MR. GEORGE MCHENRY, while fishing at Young's Dam, Indiana, fell into the water, and having a false leg had difficulty in reaching shore. Mr. Jas. Rees while hastening to McHenry's rescue fell in and was drowned.

COL. JOHN TAYLOR, residing near Beedsville, Mifflin county, while recently engaged in digging out an old cellar, came upon an old spoon, which he threw to one side. In leaving the place, the Colonel mechanically picked up the spoon, brushed the dirt away, and discovered that the article was something valuable. On having it examined at Lewistown, it proved to be a silver spoon, with the name of William Penn neatly engraved upon it, and bearing the crown mark of England.

A Terrible Crime.

There would seem to be but little doubt, says the Eastern *Argus* of yesterday, that a most shocking crime was perpetrated in connection with the sailboat disaster which occurred in Portland harbor on the 20th inst., by which three men lost their lives, one of the victims being Mr. J. H. W. Rogers, of this city. This gentleman was known to have on his person quite a large sum of money, a gold watch, valuable pin, etc. He was found floating on the surface soon after the accident by a boy in a wherry. Of course the lad could see no use him into his frail craft, but attached a rope to the body and towed it to the shore. Search of the property was found upon the person, and the boy was aware that when he first discovered him he showed signs of life. It appears that a schooner in the vicinity hove to and a boat containing two men put off, they reached the drowning man, partially raised and sustained him for some little time and then dropped him backed into the water, the boat returning to the schooner, which immediately sailed away. This transaction was not only witnessed by the boy in the wherry, but by parties in a boat not far away. From these premises the unavoidable deduction is that Mr. Rogers was picked up in a half drowned condition, robbed and thrust back to die. The *Argus* further states that the affair is being thoroughly investigated and that officers are upon the track of the vessel, which is known. If such a terrible tragedy was enacted, the fiends should be brought to speedy and condign punishment.

THE latest foreign mails bring the debate in Parliament, on the motion of Mr. Buxton, that an address be presented to the Queen, praying her to invite the President of the United States to concur with Her Majesty in appointing commissioners to revise the authorized version of the Bible. Mr. Buxton, in his address, expressed the opinion that the work of revision should be of an international character, and that the assistance of scholars in Europe and the United States should be invited—that for the translation of the Old Testament, the aid of the Jewish scholars, who were the greatest living masters of the Hebrew language, should be invited. Mr. Gladstone, in reply, stated that the revision of the Scriptures would be most safely, most satisfactorily, and most effectually performed by persons who cannot pretend to have any public and civil authority. He also expressed the opinion that though President Grant and Secretary Fish would receive with the utmost politness any representation the British Government might make, yet such an invitation would carry the President into a sphere from which he is excluded almost by the very letter, certainly by the spirit of the United States Constitution

FOREIGN.

ARCHDEACON WM. HALL, of London, died on Tuesday aged 75.

THE celebrated *Almanach de Gotha* sold, last year, an edition of 1,120 copies.

THE women in France, incited thereto by their English sisters, are about to agitate for a repeal of the French "Contagious Diseases acts."

AT the recent sale of Dr. Todd's library, Wace's works, with his manuscript additions, fetched £4:5:0, the highest price ever given for a book in Ireland.

GUINNESS'S DUBLIN STOUT has not only contributed $500,000 to restore St. Patrick's Cathedral, but now gives $250,000 for a winter garden to the town.

AT a recent sale of autographs in Paris, were letters from Parry, the navigator, Bulwer (Lord Lytton), Sidney Smith, and one in French from Lord Palmerston.

PROFESSOR SCHWICKER, of Hungary, is organizing a national church independent of papal infallibility. He hasn't yet got further than a paper see, how ever.

IN Hungary the arrest has been made of a band of robbers, cut throats, and incendiaries, numbering no less than 300, of whom fifty will be condemned to death.

CHAS. READE calls the play founded on his new novel "Free Labor," and the Athenæum calls it commonplace. Real anvils and real hot iron form the chief attractions.

"LOTHAIR," it seems, will have to undergo the fate of other names that are often on people's lips. It has been registered as the name of a new perfume by an Irish firm.

MR. J. TOWERS is preparing for publication a memoir of Beethoven, based upon Schindler, Ries, Wieseler and Thayer, to which will be attached an exact chronological list of his works.

STAMPED postal cards, to bear an address on one side and an open letter on the other, are among the novelties of the English postoffice, and everybody is inventing ciphers in consequence.

SOME workmen, of a town in Hanover, Germany, amused themselves by stripping a tipsy companion, and fastening him in that condition to a tombstone. A few hours later he was found there, dead.

THE Danish government is devoting great attention to fortification. The military measures taken by Prussia on the island of Alsen, have fully aroused the Danes, and they will prepare for possible war, cost what it may.

MDLLE. KRAUS is said to have been engaged by M. Perrin for the purpose of appearing at the Grand Opera in M. Mermet's "Jeanne d'Arc." Personally, at least, she is well suited to the character, and she has much dramatic energy.

A PORTION of the MS. of "Oliver Twist," which originally appeared in *Bentley's Miscellany*, is still in the Queen's possession. The British Museum might fittingly place it by the side of the MS. of Sterne's "Sentimental Journey."

MLLE. BOSSACHI is the Parisian furore just now. She is a danseuse of sixteen, possessed of all the personal and domestic virtues, and received a diamond ring in a basket of flowers on the occasion of her debut in the ballet of "Der Freischutz."

"IAGENIENSIS," a Catholic clergyman resident in Dublin, and once a well known contributor to the *Gentleman's Magazine*, is about to bring out a volume of "Old Folk Lore, or, Traditions of Ireland, with Humorous Tales, &c., Popular and Instructive."

MR. NEILL, United States Consul at Dublin has in the press "Patrick Copland," based upon manuscripts and original authorities. Much of the material used in the work has been obtained from manuscript [illegible] relating to science and arts. Rejected.

MR. [illegible] offered an amendment that [illegible] American artists, now taxed for payment duty in any custom house shall be surrendered without duty on proof of property by the owners.

The Senate took a recess.

Evening Session.—The Conference Committee reported on the bill to amend the act granting the right of way to railroads to approach owners over public lands was concurred in.

The Indian bill was then presented with.

Mr. SCHURZ, in behalf of Mr. Trumbull, who was absent, offered an amendment to the bill allowing transportation of imported goods in bulk from port of entry to port of delivery, dues to be paid at the latter places, the operation of the provision to be confined to cities of not less than 150,000 inhabitants and to be under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Mr. SHERMAN said the proposition had been demanded by the Chambers of Commerce of nearly all the interior cities. The present system was virtually a tax on the people for the city of New York, as all the goods had to be opened and examined there, and special favor was given to Europeans in coming to New York. The bill had been carefully prepared by the Finance Committee and Treasury Department, and contained all that could safely check against fraud that could possibly be devised. He believed it would increase the revenue, and encourage the trade between the interior cities and European countries.

Mr. CONKLING denied any complicated or oppressive features to the bill. The present regulations could be appended to a tax bill. He thought the bill to prohibit the enforcement of the Act of Parliament in force in Canada was a further amendment.

After other unimportant amendments were withdrawn.

Mr. SCOTT offered a section providing for a new executive department entitled "Department of Revenue," but finding it would occasion protracted discussion withdrew it.

Mr. COLE moved to increase the tax on whisky to one dollar.

Mr. THURMAN stated he had heard the "Ring" had bought up all the whisky in the country with the expectation of making fortunes by the increase of the tax.

The amendment was rejected—12 to 31.

On motion of Mr. PATTERSON, the free importation of household furniture for individual use was extended.

On motion of Mr. FENTON, the duty on oats was reduced to five cents per bushel.

Mr. HARLAN, from the Committee on Retrenchment, offered a new section imposing a tax of five per cent. on government bonds. Yeas 11, nays 25.

No quorum voting, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. UPSON introduced a bill to change the times of holding Circuit and District Courts of the United States in the Northern District of Ohio.

The House resumed the consideration of Senate amendments to the Indian Appropriation bill.

The report of the Committee on Appropriations, recommending concurrence in some and non-concurrence in others, was agreed to as a whole, except where special votes were called for.

Mr. FERRY asked a separate vote on an amendment in which the Committee recommended non-concurrence, appropriating $36,753 for payment to Indians in Michigan for the difference between the treaty and current press, that since February last the royalty had been reduced to one dollar and fifty cents per ton.

Mr. DAVIS favored the reduction of the duty.

Mr. Pomeroy's amendment to reduce the duty on steel railway bars from one and one-half to one per cent. per pound was agreed to—76 to 52.

Mr. WILSON moved to make the duty one cent and a quarter. Agreed to—31 to 21.

The report of the Committee on the part of steel was then reduced from one and one-fourth to one cent per pound.

Amendments to reduce twenty per cent. duty on slates for roofing was rejected—12 to 37.

Mr. MORRILL (Vermont) moved to insert "on sword blades thirty-five cent. *ad valorem*; on swords, forty-five per cent. *ad valorem*; on watch wheels ten per cent. *ad valorem*." Agreed to.

Mr. WARNER offered amendments allowing machinery manufactured expressly for planing machines to be imported free for one year. Rejected—only twelve Senators voting in the affirmative.

Mr. EMMERSON moved to place on the free list "books in foreign or dead languages of which no editions are printed in the United States; also maps, charts and illustrations devoted to science and arts." Rejected.

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Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

FRIDAY, JULY 1, 1870.

BONDS at Frankfort 96¼.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 53f.

GOLD closed in New York on yesterday at 111¼.

A POLITICAL INTELLIGENCE office has been opened by the Bolters on the second floor of a building on Smithfield street. All office seekers who wish to be elected by 850 votes, and all who aspire to be delegates to the Bolters' Convention, should make application at once. No delegates will be admitted to the Convention unless they have been approved by the Intelligence Committee. Registry fee twenty-five cents. One hundred dollars must be paid on the approval by the delegates as soon as approved, and one thousand dollars by the office seeker, as soon as elected to office.

THE BOLTERS.

So far, not one of the men who bolted the Republican nomination for State Senator last winter, at Harrisburg, has been renominated. The latest victims are Bowman and McCreery, of Erie. They went in last year by a heavy vote and this year they go out almost unanimously. Ames, of Crawford, and Leslie, of Butler county, are in the same box, and Geo. K. Andersen, the chief of the gang, who furnished the money as well as the brains for it, has been shelved by five hundred nominal majority, and by over one thousand majority if there had been no cheating in Titusville. Honesty is the best policy after all. Cheating never prospers, to quote another proverb; and as these facts are their own best comments, we may close with that other adage which says, a short horse is soon curried.

THE RING!!--DARK WORK!!!

The bolters' ring is busily engaged in its dark and dishonorable work. In the public call, which it issued a few days since, the Republicans of Allegheny county were invited to meet in their respective election districts on a day specified, "*and discarding the professional office-hunter and the professional delegate, select two of their best citizens as delegates to a Convention to meet at the Court House in the city of Pittsburgh,*" for certain purposes.

But these miserable disorganizers have issued a *private* call, which differs materially and essentially from the words which we have quoted above. In order that we may not be charged with misrepresentation, and that our readers may see the dishonesty and duplicity of these men, we publish the private call in full. It is as follows:

INDEPENDENT REPUBLICAN HDQRS.,
129 Smithfield street, 2d Floor,
Near Court House,
PITTSBURGH, ——, 1870.

MR. ——,

Dear Sir: You are requested to confer with your neighbors, and make arrangements to have your *Ward* represented in the Independent Republican Convention. The "Call" which we mail you fully explains the object of the movement. Please give this matter your immediate attention, *and report the names of the delegates selected to these Headquarters.*

A. H. MILLER,
DAVID KIRK,
J. B. CAMPBELL,
JNO. A. CAROTHERS,
GEO. NEELD,
Committee on Organization.

According to the public "call," the dear people were invited to meet and select their own delegates. But this, it was found, would not accomplish the dark designs of the bolters. They knew what the honest Republicans in the several election districts would do, and therefore, distrustful of the people, take the matter, in a secret way, into their own hands. Delegates are to be selected privately, and their names to be reported to the Headquarters of the ring! Even their confidential friends in the several election districts are not to be trusted. They must first make their selections, and then submit them for approval to five men, not one of whom, of course, ever sought by log-rolling or otherwise to secure a nomination for any office! O purity! thy sacred name has been covered with deep and black disgrace!

The people must not select their own delegates. This will not be tolerated by the ring. Selections must be made privately, and then as privately reported to the above named persons for their approval. Was there ever such an insult offered to an intelligent people?

But this course is in perfect keeping with the boast made by the two dozen of bolters that organized a new party on last Monday, namely, that they carried twenty-five thousand Republican votes in their vest pockets.

Republicans, select your own delegates on the 27th of August next. You are at least as capable of making a judicious selection as the five gentlemen who have their headquarters on the second floor, and you have a better right to do it. Is it for this that we had reform? Lend your aid to?

REFRESHING.

That was a pleasant June day meeting of Democratic editors which was held this week, at Altoona, and over which our friend, Col. Barr, of the *Post*, presided. It must have been refreshing, even if the mercury was up among the nineties, to have seen so many good and true men in council devising ways and means and plans and programmes for the delivery of the people from that odious "Radical domination" under which they have writhed and suffered (and yet managed to live prosperously and happy) during a full decade of years. These good patriots, like certain maidens we have read about in history, met together and laid down their jewels and trinkets for their country's welfare. They offered, on the altar of the best interests of their party, things which ordinary people hold dear, their individual judgments and opinions, for did they not resolve that "When new issues arise about which there is some doubt, or difference of opinion as to the course of the party, it shall be the duty of the President of this Association to call a meeting to consider the same." Who could ask a greater sacrifice? No more individuality among Democratic editors, no more going it alone on fresh questions, no more independent thought, but all must meet together in infallible council, and get ideas served out to them, wholesale and retail—not for the interests or welfare of the people, or of the government; but for the advancement of the Democratic party.

The editors were so pleased with the idea of referring all new issues when they shall arise to a council that they felt it would be well to declare together, just to serve as stock in trade to run on for a while.

1—That we denounce the manner in which the so-called Fifteenth amendment was declared part of the Constitution, and we will labor for its repeal, being opposed to negro suffrage—especially to having it forced on States contrary to the will of the people thereof.

2—Opposition to the Chinese system, or anything that injures or depreciates the dignity of white labor.

3—Opposition to corruption wherever found, and by whosoever perpetrated.

Ye friends of universal liberty and equal rights to all men, tremble over the denunciation of the XVth amendment by these wise men in council! Ye newly made citizens whose color mocks not the virgin white lily, tremble for these powerful men are opposed to negro suffrage and will labor for its repeal with all their might and main. But perhaps we will all draw consolation from the knowledge that these same patriots labored hard, earnestly, wickedly, to perpetuate slavery. Failing in that and to keep down under their feet the emancipated blacks, they strove to prevent the ballot from falling into the hands of the disenthralled blacks. We have reached a period in history when people don't go backward in measures pertaining to civilization, enlightenment and liberty. The colored people may rest secure in the rights and privileges vouchsafed them by a just nation. It is not in the province of the Democratic party, the Republican party, or even the new third party, to take away the enfranchisement boon granted the colored people, for God's hand not only wiped out slavery but lifted up the oppressed freedmen to the plane they were destined to occupy, and who can undo the great work accomplished?

The oriental "Johns" who are swarming to our land are to be opposed by our Democratic editors and denied a place in our workshops, on our railways, farms and plantations. But "John" is farther along. He has not yet found his way into Pennsylvania, nor has he been found a bad element among foreigners. He is industrious, quiet and harmless, and as we have untold millions of acres of land to be explored and developed and standing room for all Christendom, we think John Chinaman might be afforded welcome.

The last declaration is good, wise and sound, every word of it, and it is one which every editor, be he Republican or Democrat, secular or religious can honestly endorse.

One declaration was forgotten, though, perhaps, thought and talked about, and that was to declare in favor of unity in the Democratic ranks, and to encourage bolting in the Republican party. That is certainly included in the undeveloped plans of the opposition managers, and the first practical illustration of it is witnessed here in the coalition formed to overthrow the regular Republican party. But the people have to offset these promulgated declarations with the simple one that the Democracy, with all its tricks and plans, must and will be kept in the same place occupied during the "past decade of years."

THE PROGRAMME.

There is no longer any room to doubt that the Democratic party has engineered the disintegration of the Republican organization and that the *Commercial* lends willing aid to help the work of destruction. The programme is developing. The *Post* pledges to help send a protectionist to Congress, and the candidate is in training in the *Commercial* ring. Gen. Negley must be disposed of; he is too faithful to his constituency, to his party and his own character, to suit the disappointed clique of Republicans who thought they could twist and mould him to suit their purposes. It would be a sad thing for the interests of this district should there be sent to Congress a Democrat to represent the people, or if by any combination a treacherous and purchasable Republican obtains the seat. And yet to accomplish either one of such ends is the sole aim of the ringleaders of the third party movement. If any evidence is needed to complete the confirmation of the fact that a well-devised scheme exists to overthrow the Republican party here and elsewhere throughout the State, we have it in the following expression from the *Post* of yesterday, in referring to the late convention of Democratic editors held at Altoona:

"Aside from the regular business transactions of the Convention, *there were other matters taken under consideration, and definite conclusions arrived at that will tell upon the politics of the State in the immediate future,* as will be developed by the general tone of the Democratic press.

"We take occasion to say in this connection, that the Democratic party will no longer tolerate any temporizing with the great questions of public policy. In the State of Pennsylvania, at least, the Democracy are united, and henceforth their campaigns will not only be progressive, but aggressive. We feel that we can say to the Democracy of the whole Union that the glorious old Keystone State *is about to be disenthralled from Radical domination,* and will take its position in the Democratic phalanx, from which it has been practically displaced, through treachery and misplaced confidence during the last decade of years."

Will the Republicans calmly consider the situation, or will they willingly join hands with the treacherous members of their organization and deliver over the political power so long held to the opposition and weep over their folly in the future? Never before did there exist more pressing necessity for union in our party. We cannot afford to quarrel among ourselves while the enemy are moving upon us in solid columns. If we fail to properly appreciate the situation now, if we disband and fight under two flags, if we fritter away our strength, we will lose the battle, and for years to come we cannot regain what shall be lost, and the Democratic party, so long kept in the oblivion, its principles and doctrines warrant at the hands of a free people, will entrench itself to rule with despotic tyranny. We have no time to pause, for the enemy are on the march, their campaign has commenced in good earnest and they will conquer if we present a divided front or a camp rank and rotten with spies and traitors. Will Republicans not arouse themselves from their lethargy, heal their differences and make ready for the impending battle? We think, we hope they will, but if they do not they will reap a whirlwind and suffer consequences for which they will be responsible.

OUR EXTRAVAGANCE.

One of the great, crying evils of our times and nation, is our extravagance. The people of these United States are proverbial over the world for their recklessness in the expenditure of money. Wherever they go their conduct in this regard is grievously felt and bitterly complained of. Within the last few years, since they commenced to visit Continental Europe in large numbers, hotel charges, and the demands of waiters and couriers are made on the most extravagant scale, so that tourists from the British isles, and elsewhere, complain that it is impossible for them, with their limited means, to travel on such routes as are frequented by Americans, who are so lavish with their money.

We are exorbitant in our demands, and desire to reap where we have not sown, and gather where we have not strewn. We are excessive in our likes and dislikes; in our joys and griefs; in our hopes and despairs; in our imaginations and expectations. We are inordinate in our desire for wealth, honor and distinction; for gorgeous houses, expensive furniture, and splendid equipages. In point of dress, we believe there is not a more extravagant nation in the world. The most fashionable promenades in London or Paris are not paced by a more richly dressed people, at any time, than can be seen every day on the thoroughfares of our least pretentious cities. Our extravagance is enriching Europe, and impoverishing ourselves.

Our reckless expenditure of money is not seen only in our magnificently appointed private residences, the trappings of fancy steeds, the richness and gayety of our attire and expensive *cuisine*, it is visible in our churches, the very place where we would expect to find a grave simplicity. Temples, for the worship of God, are erected each year at an expense far greater than the necessities of the case demand. We would feel as comfortable, although our pride might not be as fully gratified, if we assembled in less costly fanes, and the worship rendered would not be less acceptable. In vain will the press and economists call for retrenchment and reform in the modes of our social life, until the Church first sets the example.

A little extravagance at evening parties, and on matrimonial occasions may be excusable, but the gorgeous displays which we make at our funerals are not founded on a sensible appreciation of the solemnity of such occasions, nor can we see that they are respectful to the dead. Many a family incurs an expense on the occasion of the burial of its friends, from the impoverishing effects of which it does not recover for years, and which robs widows and orphans of the necessary comforts of life. The reason assigned—respect for departed relatives—may be laudable, but it is based upon a mistaken notion. Display on such occasions is, to say the least, unbecoming, and does not in any way enhance respect for the dead.

On this subject we might learn a very profitable lesson from the aristocratic circles of Great Britain. Within the past few weeks, two of England's most noted and respected public men have gone the way appointed for all living. Dickens and Clarendon are no more. The one achieved an immortal fame in the domain of letters, the other was one of the most honored of the English nobility, and filled several important and responsible positions in her Ministry. But in nothing did they commend themseves more to all sensible men, than in their express desire that their funerals should be kept strictly secret, and be unattended by any ostentatious ceremonies. The simple coffin of Dickens was carried in a plain hearse, "without feathers or trappings of any kind," from Charing Cross Terminus to Westminster Abbey. His remains were followed by three carriages, which contained the members of his family, and a few friends, in all, only twelve persons, who were attired in plain black, and wore neither bands nor scarfs.

The Cable informed us yesterday that the funeral of the Earl of Clarendon, which took place on the previous day, was equally private, and entirely free from all pomp and pageantry.

Let our millionaires, merchant princes, and men of letters and position, set an example of equal simplicity, and they will relieve many a family from a burden which is intolerable.

None cherish less fondly the memories of Dickens and Clarendon because they expressed a desire to be buried privately and unostentatiously, nor think less of their families because they discarded all extravagant display in the solemn hour of their interment. Let us benefit, then, by the example, which has been so nobly set by persons moving in the highest walks of life in England. The extravagant cost of a funeral neither brings honor to the living nor the dead.

Allegheny County Politics.

[From the Butler American.]

It is not our habit to meddle in the affairs of our neighbors—particularly political affairs. We have always supposed them capable of attending to all their own matters. But the movement in Allegheny county for a Republican organization outside the regular one, may be followed by such results as to justify all in speaking out and giving a word of counsel. If this movement should cause the loss to us of the next Legislature only, it will have done a serious injury. Why it is anticipated the next regular convention of our friends of Allegheny county *will not* act and do what is right, we are at a loss to know. We have known of dissatisfaction and defection *after* conventions have been held and nominations been made, but never *before*; they have been held and made, until the present case. The usual way is to wait until a ticket is formed before we oppose or repudiate it. How can it be known who will or will not be nominated till a convention meets. And why cannot as good men be nominated at a *regular* convention as at an *irregular* one. If they are brought out and urged as strongly in the one case as in the other, they would be.

But, it is said, the time for holding the next Allegheny county convention, is late. So it seemed to us, until we learned that the time, August, is not an unusual one. As late as the year 1867 they held their convention in August, and frequently in that month within the last years. In the eastern counties of this State the usual time for making nominations is about the 1st of September. Without saying which is the better time to nominate, June or August, we can say, from experience, that a ticket nominated at the former time will undergo a quiet lull for about three months. Until the harvest is over and the election approaches but little is said of the merits of a ticket, pro or con, so that a ticket might as well be nominated in September as in June, for all practical purposes. We hope the leaders of this independent movement in Allegheny county will reconsider before it is too late, and not borrow trouble in advance. The regular convention is open to all and plenty of time to have right and justice done in all respects.

An Important Invention.

The San Francisco *Bulletin* says: After twenty years of toil and trouble, Elander Heath, a mechanic of this city, has succeeded in manufacturing a remarkable dovetailing machine, for which he obtained a patent from Washington yesterday. The invention consists in an improved machine for forming the dovetail joints of drawers and boxes, and is likely to prove remunerative to the owner. It consists of two sliding frames, moving on tables, one of which serves to dovetail the end, and the other the side pieces of a box, without the use of swinging guides, numerous gauges and leveled tables—the whole being easily fitted so as to operate on common sawing tables. The saws for the two tables can be fastened to the same mandrel, or they may have separate mandrels. The two tables, also, may stand side by side or be separated, and may be used for all ordinary purposes of sawing, by simply removing the sliding frames. The sliding frame for the side pieces has a tapering guide fastened to one of the cross-beams so as to give the desired angle to the tenon, the board standing upon this guide while the frame slides at right angles with the mandrel. The end pieces are formed on a similar sliding frame on the table, but the guides in this case stand at a right angle with the mandrel. When the table is fitted up for this work of dovetailing especially, a great number of saws and cutters may be used, so that that all the dovetails of any lot may be cut at once, by two motions of each frame, leaving nothing more to be done except to fit them together. The machine is simple in construction, can be made at a cost not to exceed three hundred dollars, and will do as much work in two minutes as can be done by hand in the same number of hours.

THE Jewish population in Roumania has increased in that principality from 60,000 in 1849 to upward of 400,000 in 1870. The Jews there are said to enjoy all possible freedom, and to possess 176 synagogues, while there are only 63 Roman Catholics, 12 Protestant and 11 Armenian churches in the country. The Roumanian government has sent a number of young Jews, at its own expense, to complete their education in Paris, and has conferred a pension upon the widow of Dr. Burache, a Jew, who held the position of Professor in the Military Academy, and at whose funeral an eloquent address was delivered by one of the most eloquent Christian prelates of Roumania. The Roumanian journals caution the world against the false publications of the "Alliance Israelite," of Paris, which association is responsible for the hoax recently practiced upon this country.

Obituary Extraordinary.

The following remarkable effusion accompanied a death notice in a recent Milwaukee paper:

A little girl of that city had been drowned while playing with a pet dog and her schoolmates on the river's bank and while her heart-broken parents and kindred were in the sorest affliction, a poetical friend of the family sang, through the press, "O! let her claim one pleasant hour with young companions gay. We see the song birds onward tour, And why should she not play? With buoyant spirits on she walked. The pet dog followed near, And with her neighbor's children talked in accents loud and clear. When by the waterside they stood, All joined a game of 'spy.' With cheerful heart, in mirthful mood, The dog chased far and nigh. Just at that moment Mollie fell Into the rippling stream, While men were standing closely by, With coward hearts, I ween. One playmate ran and begged of them To render Mollie aid; These wolves dressed in the garbs of men, Were deaf to all she said. Twice, thrice, she rose, again, again, The children cried 'Aloft Save Mollie Thompson, do, good men!' *No! no! the monsters vowed!* Poor Mollie stretched her snow white arm: 'Oh, mercy! save me, pray!' These men looked on without alarm, Then basely sneaked away. No! not a effort would they make. The children scream and run. Poor Mollie must us all forsake Before the setting sun. The crowd soon now came round the spot, But not a glimpse was seen. Is this the place? Is that? or not? No mark was left between. A gallant boy plunged boldly in, To rescue, or to try. Too late! too late! O what a sin! These feeling children cry. At length one of earth's noble men, Brave Tompkins, is his name, *Heedless of clothes, or boots,* or when, Dived headlong in the stream, And brought Poor Mollie's snow-white face To surface of the deep, Her hair confused and out of place, Her eyelids closed in sleep. *The father at this time ran wild,* Bewildered at the sight; Unto his bosom pressed his child, And homeward sped with might. *No pains were spared to bring her round*—Alas! 'twas all in vain; And she was wrapt with in her shroud, No more to play again. Poor Mollie's teachers heard the news, And flocked around her corse. The shock did ev'ry heart confuse With anguish and remorse. The scholars, too—God bless them now!—In sorrow looked dismayed; They strewed sweet flowers on her brow, And o'er the coffin prayed. And now, poor Mollie, *in thy shell,* We'll bid a last adieu, O, may we meet in heaven to tell how one and all loved you! *The parents and the family, For mercy rent the air,* With pang of sudden agony, They laid their bosoms bare." After which follows an elegiac acrostic! Imagine the feelings of the mourning family when, after the first tempest of their great grief shall have subsided, some friend calls their attention to the above astonishing "lines".

Church Missionary "Kidnapping" in India.

[From the Punjab (Lahore) Times, May 10.]

The Christian Missionary is at his old game again of what is known as "baby conversion." This time, however, he succeeds in reaching his victim through one of the teachers of the Zenana Mission, who had been hitherto unsuspectedly admitted into most of our native households. It seems that on Saturday last a young Hindoo widow girl, aged about fourteen years, who used to receive her first lessons from a Zenana teacher by the name of Miss Martha, belonging to the Church Missionary Society, was removed from her house by the latter without the knowledge or consent of her widowed mother, and under the auspices of the Rev. J. Vaughan, baptized in hot haste. She was placed by the reverend gentleman in the house of one Hazra, a native convert, and there detained from the lawful custody and guardianship of her mother. The reverend gentleman and his accomplices were served with an attorney's letter calling upon them to deliver the girl into her mother's custody, but this was refused, and we understand that immediately on receipt of the letter the girl was baptised, and the next day the mother was informed by Rev. J. Vaughan of her baptism. A few relatives and friends who accompanied the mother in bringing back the girl were treated to a volley of abusive epithets by the Christian fraternity of Amherst street. Such are the facts of the conversion of the present victim of the missionary body. The story will speak for itself.

The text will no doubt form the subject of a grandiloquent report of the progress of the mission, by the Rev. J. Vaughan, and so the supporters of the mission and the British public will be considerably bowled out. The pious fraud means resorted to for conversion being of course carefully kept out of view. We are afraid that the present instance will give a death blow to the cause of native female education through the Zenana mission. Already it has been a warning to many Hindoo families in the city. The aged mother, we are informed, is about to take proceedings at law for the restitution of the person of the girl.

A Conductor's Story--A Coffin Without a Corpse.

A western railway conductor tells this horrible story:

"I was running on a train between Detroit and Chicago, in 186—. A gentleman of Chicago was taking East the dead body of his brother for burial among the family friends in New England. During the night the wooden coffin, by reason of the friction of the rails against the base of the large rough box which enclosed it, or in some more mysterious way, caught fire, and before discovered the corpse was burned to a crisp, the outer covering of the coffin being but little injured. When the horrible fact was made known by me to the brother, after taking him aside, I thought he would then die. His grief was unbounded, and upon this important gland, as well as upon the stomach and bowels, the Bitters act with singular distinctness, regulating and reinvigorating every secretive and assimilating organ on which bodily and mental health depend.

A Contradiction.

The report that the Episcopal Convention of the Diocese of Wisconsin adopted a canon, that "Every communicant of the church marrying outside of our communion, or married by any other than a clergyman of our church, shall stand *ipso facto* excommunicated," is thus corrected by a correspondence of the Detroit *Tribune*:

"It so happened that I was present at the Convention of the Diocese of Wisconsin, at Milwaukee, on Wednesday last, when a young man introduced the above-mentioned canon, who stated that he did so upon his own responsibility, and without expecting its favorable consideration. It was received with much merriment, and without one word of favor from any person. The young man who offered it, as a matter of simple courtesy to the man, it was, at his own request, referred to the Committee on Claims, and the committee, without leaving their seats, reported in words of pleasantry against it, and the proposed canon was rejected without one voice in its favor, except that of its author. The whole subject was out of the way in as little time as it has taken to pen this contradiction."

General Anderson.

The Chicago *Tribune* contains the following:

A late number of your paper contained a notice of General Robert Anderson and his present embarassed condition, which every American surely must have read with the deepest humiliation. Why his services, which can hardly be overrated, have so long gone unrewarded, it is not easy to say; but a tardy act of justice is better than never, and if we cannot wipe from the national fame the stigma of having neglected one of our heroes, we can, at least, put a limit to it. The remedy is at hand. Let it be applied at once. The subscription of *one dollar* from all those who have been benefited by Gen. Anderson's example of fidelity and heroism will cheer the remnant of his days, and assure the world that republics are not ungrateful. Put me down for the first dollar, or the last. QUIS.

CHICAGO, June 28, 1870.

TWO men got into a car laden with oats in bulk, to sleep, at Sandusky. When they awoke the door was locked and the car in motion. It was not until two or three days after, when the train was at Bellaire, that their groans caused them to be discovered, when they were almost dead with heat, suffocation and exhaustion, and were quite insensible.

BOOKS FOR THE BLIND.—The National Association for Publishing Literary and Musical Works for the Blind, in raised letters, has just published "A Compendium of American Literature, embracing selections from eminent Authors and Statesmen," a large volume of 149 leaves. The object of the above Association is to provide by subscription and legacies for the printing and furnishing books, in the raised character, at the actual cost, and to the indigent blind without charge. The above volume can be obtained of Mr. H. L. Hall, the agent of the Association, or of William Chapin, Principal of the Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind.

COLD AND SPARKLING SODA WATER.
Drawn from Genuine Marble Founts, with the Genuine YELLOW MALTA SYRUP, fresh. Also, the new American Syrup MONTANA, constantly on draught. These Syrups are the finest Syrups ever sold in America. You can find them always nice and fresh at

JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S
DRUG STORE.

Where you will find KISSENGEN, CONGRESS, VICHY and BLUE LICK WATERS always on draught.
Do not fail to call and try them.
REMEMBER,
This is sold in bulk Bottles and by single glass.

THE LIVING MACHINE.
Injure the main spring of a watch and every portion of the works become disordered. The human stomach is to the human system what that elastic piece of metal is to the chronometer. It influences the action of the other organs, and controls to a certain extent, the whole living machine. The comparison may be carried farther, for as the weakness or other imperfections of the main spring is indicated on the face of the time-piece, so also is the weakness or other disorder of the stomach betrayed by the face of the invalid. The complexion is sallow or faded. The eyes are deficient in lustre and intelligence, and there is a worn, anxious expression in the whole countenance which tell as plainly as written words could do, that the *great nourishing organ*, whose office it is to minister to the wants of the body, and to sustain and renew all its parts, is not performing its duty. It requires renovating and regulating, and to accomplish this end Hostetter's Stomach Bitters may be truly said to be *the one thing needful*. The broken main spring of a watch may be replaced by a new one, but the stomach can only be repaired and strengthened, and this is one of the objects of the famous vegetable restorative which for eighteen years has been waging a successful contest with dyspepsia in all climates. As a specific for indigestion it stands alone. When the resources of the pharmacopœa have been exhausted, without, at best, doing more than mitigating the complaint, a course of this wholesome and palatable, yet powerful, stomachic effects a perfect and permanent cure. In all cases of dyspepsia, the liver is more or less disordered, and upon this important gland, as well as upon the stomach and bowels, the Bitters act with singular distinctness, regulating and reinvigorating every secretive and assimilating organ on which bodily and mental health depend.

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VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
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STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
☞ Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

LETTER
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WHEEL PRESSES.
BAR PRESSES.
LETTER SIZE PRESSES.
CAP SIZE PRESSES.
CARMINE AND GILT PRESSES.
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MANIFOLD COPYING BOOKS.
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WATER BOWLS, CHINA AND IRON.

J. L. READ & SON,
No. 102 Fourth Avenue.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
IMPROVED
CHERRY SEEDER.
It has been in use for the last six years, and never failed in an single instance to give entire satisfaction to the purchaser.
When run to its full capacity, it will seed a bushel of Cherries in 20 minutes.
The Machine is Cheap, Simple, Durable and Handsome.
The Hopper is adjustable, thereby adapting it to all sized Cherries.
It is the best Cherry Seeder in the Market. No exception.
All orders addressed to
JAMES BOWN,
No. 136 Wood Street,
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Will be Filled at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
JOHN STEVENSON'S SONS
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JEWELERS,
93 Market street, Pittsburgh.
(THIRD DOOR FROM FIFTH.)
Have on hand all the latest novelties in Fine Jewelry; also Silver Pieces and Silver Plated Ware of new designs, suitable for wedding gifts.
Watches of all the American makers in gold and silver cases. Both Key and Pendant Winders constantly on hand, as well as a full variety of the finer grades of the Swiss Watch, including Jurgensen, Jacot, Perregaux, and others.
We call particular attention to our facilities for repairing and regulating fine Watches. To that branch of our business we give special care.
Orders by mail promptly attended to. Designs of any goods seen in drawings by mail at reduced rates.
my16:w99

GEORGE BEAVEN,
MANUFACTURER OF
Cream Candies and Taffies,
And Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Pickles, Jellies, Sauces, Catsups, Nuts, &c.
NO. 112 FEDERAL STREET,
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WINE OF LIFE.—The great Blood Purifier and Delicious Drink. WARNER'S VINUM VITÆ, OR WINE OF LIFE, is free from any poisonous drugs or impurities, being prepared for those who require a stimulant. It is a splendid appetizer and tonic, and the finest thing in the world for purifying the blood. It is the most pleasant and delicious article ever offered to the public, far superior to brandy, whisky, wine bitters, or any other article. It is more healthy and cheaper. Both male and female, young or old, can take the Wine of Life. It is in fact, a life preserver. Those who wish to enjoy good health and a free flow of lively spirits, will do well to take the Wine of Life. It is different from anything ever before in use. It is sold by druggists; also at all respectable saloon. Price $1.00, in quart bottles.
my29:MWF

JAMES RENO.
SEWER CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.
The laying of Stone Pipe House Drains promptly executed.
OFFICE, 65 and 67 SANDUSKY STREET.
Residence, 102 Fremont St., Allegheny. je23:y66

JOSEPH R. HUNTER,
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250 LIBERTY STREET,
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je23:y65 PITTSBURGH.

CHEAP
STOVES AND TINWARE,
FENDERS,
COAL BOXES,
FIRE IRONS, &c., &c., at
P. C. DUFFY'S,
146 Grant street
je28:14

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
GOOD BARGAINS IN NEW AND
Desirable Dry Goods.
BLACK SILKS,
BLACK SILKS,
AT
Very Low Prices!
DRESS GOODS.
Plain and Plaid Japanese Silks.
Chene, Mixed and Plaid Japanese Poplins.
Lawns, Hernanies, Grenadines.
Brown and Drab Dress Linens, very cheap.
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Light Percales and Chintzes, at popular prices.
SPECIAL BARGAINS IN
CASSIMERES,
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Light Summer Shawls,
At Attractive Prices,
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HORNE & CO'S.
Clearance Sale of
HATS, FLOWERS,
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Large Additions to Stock in
EMBROIDERIES,
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GUIPURE LACES,
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SILK AND LINEN FANS.
At Low Prices.
NEW GOODS
Arriving Daily.
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
je21

JOHN Q. WORKMAN..... R. RICHARD DAVIS
WORKMAN & DAVIS,
Successors to WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., manufacturers and Dealers in
Carriages, Buggies,
SPRING & BUCK WAGONS.
42, 44, 46 and 48 Beaver St., Allegheny.
Repairing neatly and promptly executed. Orders for New Work gotten up in good style and warranted to give satisfaction in every particular.
☞ Newest style of work constantly on hand.
SOLE AGENTS for the New Haven Wheel Company's make of SARVIS'S PATENT WHEELS, and Rapp's Patent Quick Shifter and Anti-Rattler for Shafts.
☞ R. RICHARD DAVIS having purchased the interest of Alex. and Wm. D. Moore, in the late firm of WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., the business will hereafter be continued in the old stand, under the name and style of WORKMAN & DAVIS. Orders solicited.
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SEWER PIPE CO,"
65 and 67 Sandusky St., Allegheny.
Manufacture highly VITRIFIED WATER AND SEWER PIPE. Dealers in CHIMNEY TOPS, FLUES and HYDRAULIC CEMENT.
C. G. McMILLEN, Agent.
my7:w91
HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,
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Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT
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Sheeting and Batting.
GRAND RE-OPENING
NEW GOODS.
Shoes, Boots and Gaiters,
AT
HENRY PAULUS',
No. 124 OHIO AVENUE, ALLEGHENY CITY.
The undersigned has again taken possession of his old place, and stocked it with a full assortment of BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS. Goods as well as prices will give satisfaction. Former patrons and the public are invited to visit.
je2:x84 HENRY PAULUS.

STONE
WATER PIPES,
Chimney Tops,
HOT AIR & CHIMNEY FLUES, &c.
A large and full assortment constantly on hand.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap21:w81 133 SECOND AVENUE.
Bakery, Confectionery,
AND
ICE CREAM.
The undersigned has established the above business in the very convenient stand, No. 287 WESTERN AVENUE, Allegheny, one door from the Park, where he is prepared to fill all orders in his line. His saloon is handsomely fitted up for the consumers of ice cream, and will find it very convenient to the Park. Satisfaction warranted in goods, attendance and prices. The public patronage is solicited.
WM. A. RHODES.
my27:x82

LADIES' HUNTING CASE
Gold Watches for $25.00
AT
WATTLES & SHEAFER'S,
JEWELRY STORE, 101 FIFTH AVENUE.
Also, a fine assortment of LADIES' and GENTS' FINE GOLD WATCHES and CHAINS at the most reasonable prices.
A nice assortment of CLOCKS and FANCY GOODS on hand.
Please give us a call. je25

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP. The partnership heretofore existing between
D. P. Scott and A. I. Scott,
Under the firm name and style of
D. P. SCOTT & SON,
Was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of June, 1870.
PITTSBURGH, June 17, 1870. D. P. SCOTT.
A. I. SCOTT.
jn20:w76
DISSOLUTION.—The co-partnership heretofore existing between JOHN SPEER and WILLIAM SPEER, under the firm name of J. & W. SPEER, retail grocers, Sixth ward, Allegheny, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 30 inst. The business will be continued at the old stand and all accounts of the late firm settled by William Speer.
JOHN SPEER.
WM. SPEER.
je10:y76

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
A GOOD STOCK OF
Sash and Bow Ribbons,
Hats, Bonnets,
AND
SUNDOWNS,
At Prices as Low as Can be Found Anywhere.
At 12½c., Ladies and Misses' Hats.
At 75c., full sized Lama Shawls.
At $1.00, Silk Parasols, worth $1.75.
At 6¼c., Fast Colored Calicos.
At 8½c., Light and Dark Calicos.
At 10c., all the Best Makes of Calicos.
At $1.00 for 9 yards Chintz Calicos.
At 12½c, 4-4 Bleached Muslin, a superior article.
At 12½c., Fast Colored Lawns.
At 12½c., Printed Challis and Alpacas.
At 25c., Double Width Chene Mohairs, a bargain.
Gloves and Hosiery.
Green and Blue Kid Gloves.
Black and Colored Kid and Lisle Thread Gloves
Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hose.
Men and Boys' Half Hose.
LADIES' AND GENTS'
Summer Underwear.
Collars, Cuffs and Neckties.
Lace Collars and Handkerchiefs.
Hoop Skirts and Skeleton Corsets.
Ladies' and Children's Aprons and Suits.
Hair Switches and Chignons.
Jet Jewelry, Pocket Books, Satchels, &c.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.
On a Par with Gold!
WE NOW OFFER
Our New Stock
OF
DRY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS
AT
EASTERN PRICES.
BUYERS ARE INVITED TO
Examine our Goods & Prices
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood Street.
BUY THE GENUINE.
CLARK'S
"O. N. T."
SPOOL COTTON.
GEO. A. CLARK,
SOLE AGENT.
Sold Everywhere.
myt-ww

TRIRTIETH
Semi-Annual Report
OF THE
DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK.
LIABILITIES.
Amount due Depositors June 1st, 1870 ..... $2,530,242 25
Interest due Depositors, June 1st, 1870 ..... 67,646 70
Contingent Fund, June 1st, 1870 ..... 149,803 59
Total Liabilities $2,747,692 54
ASSETS.
Loans on Bonds and Mortgages $1,981,963 17
Real Estate 78,448 37
Stock in Pittsburgh Banks 71,634 75
U. S. 5-20 Bonds, 1865 and '67 ..... 400,000 00
U. S. 6-10's per cent. Bonds, 1881 ..... 50,053 75
Bills Receivable 21,700 00
Cash in Banks and on hand 143,903 21
$2,747,692 54
The undersigned, Auditing Committee, respectfully report that they have examined the Treasurer's Report for the last six months, ending May 31st, 1870, and have examined the Assets of the Bank, consisting of Bonds and Mortgages, Deeds of Real Estate, Certificates of Bank Stock, Bills Receivable, U. S. Five-Twenty six per cent. Bonds, 6-10's per cent. Bonds, 1881, and Cash in Banks and on hand, and find the same to correspond with the above report.
J. TEAGUE,
J. J. GILLESPIE, } Auditing Committ

FINANCIAL.

GOLD, SILVER,
AND
COUPONS.
Bought at Highest Price.

PH. R. MERTZ,
BANKER,
Cor. Wood St. and 5th Ave.
my26

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,
[Successors to S. JONES & CO.]
Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,
BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities,
GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,
ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.
☞ ORDERS EXECUTED FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 30, 1870.

The cable reports a decrease of 21,000,000 francs in the Bank of France in bullion. This large falling off is due to payments for the recent heavy French purchase of grain in America and on the continent. In London money is dearer than in Paris. This is also the case at some other financial centres of Europe, which causes a draw of bullion from Paris. The railroad competition between the trunk lines is not yet settled, and rates for first class freights will be advanced to the old standard by July 1st. Competition on passenger fares and cattle freights continues.

The Assistant Treasurer has paid $1,279,506 in gold on account of the July interest.

Money unchanged at 3@5 on call.

Sterling firm at 9½@9¾. Sight bills are reduced to 10¼. An increased flow of specie is expected.

Gold strong; opened at 111¾, touched 111⅞ and 111¾ and closed at 111¾. Carrying rates 1 per cent borrowing, and flat. Clearances, $56,000,000. Exports, $400,000.

Governments strong and higher, with a limited offering and strong investment demand. Coupons of 1881, 118¼@118⅜; 6s, 1881, 111¾@112⅜; 65s, 111¾@112⅜; new, 111¾@111¾; 67s, 111¾@111⅞; 68s, 111¾@111⅞; 10-40s, 88¾@89⅜. Currencies, 6s, 127½@128. Treasury bought $2,000,000 at 110 15-100@111 14-100.

State bonds: North Carolinas active and higher and the rest dull and unchanged. Sixes, 94½; old Tennessees, 66; new do., 64; old North Carolinas, 46¾; new do, 30¾.

Stocks quiet and steady; Canton prices and Cumberland 40; West Virginia 13¾; Quicksilver 7; Mariposa 7; preferred 15½; Adams express 62¾; Wells Fargo 56¾; American 61; United States 45¾; Pacific Mail 41½; New York Central 97¾; scrip 93¾; Erie 23; preferred 42; Harlem 128; Hudson 127; Michigan Central 120¾; Lake Shore 99¾; Indiana Central 140; Pittsburg 109¾; Northwestern 83; preferred 86; Rock Island 96¾; Illinois 146; New Jersey Central 108¾; St. Paul 66; preferred 81; Wabash, 56¾; preferred, 75; Fort Wayne, 96¾; Terre Haute, 35; preferred, 60; Chicago and Alton, 116¾; preferred, 118; Ohio and Mississippi, 35¾; St. Joseph, 118½; preferred, 121; C. & A., 81; Burlington, 160; Hartford and Erie, 4¾.

Sub-Treasury balances: Coin, $77,643,793; currency, $13,996,402; general, $1,732,179.8

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
THURSDAY, June 30, 1870. }

Closing quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz:

Gold	111	American	
Silver	108	Western Union	
1881 Bonds	118	N. Y. Central	97¾
5-20 Bonds 1862	111	Reading	100¾
5-20 Bonds 1865	111	P. Ft. W. & C.	95¾
5-20 Bonds 1864	111	Ohio & Miss.	35¾
Consols 1865	114	Mich. Southern	98¾
5-20 Bonds 1867	111	Cleveland & P.	100¾
5-20 Bonds 1868	114	C. R. I. & P.	
10-40	108	Chicago & N. W.	83
Adams Express	68	C. & N. W. Pref.	88
Merchants U. Ex.		Erie	

	Large.	Small.
London Exchange per pound	4 8	5.50
Paris Exchange per Franc	22¾	23
Berlin Exchange per Thaler	82	83
Frankfort Exchange per Florin	47¾	49
Central Pacific R. R. Bonds		
Union P. R. R. Bonds	87	88

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co:

Gold	111¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1862	114
U. S. 6s, 1881	118	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1867	114¾
Reg. 5-20 1862	111¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1868	114¾
U. S. 5-20 1864	111¾	C. P. R. R.	87¾
U. S. 5-20 1865	111¾	C. P. R. R.	92⅝
U. S. 10-40	88¾	Cy. Pacifics	13½

PITTSBURGH CATTLE MARKET.

EAST LIBERTY STOCK YARDS, }
THURSDAY, June 30, 1870. }

CATTLE.

The receipts of cattle have been remarkably light this week, the sales since the date of our last report only footing up about 800 head, against 2,000 head the week preceding. The very light arrivals this week may be attributed to a number of causes, among the most prominent of which are: The markets in the east, particularly Philadelphia, to which place was shipped the greater portion of the cattle bought here last week, were very hard and unsatisfactory, and nearly every man who had cattle in the last named market lost money, some of them a great deal of it, and as might be expected, they were not so anxious to buy this week, unless they could do so at a considerable reduction, and this could not be accomplished, owing to the very meagre number on sale. And we presume that many of the western operators are at home this week looking after their crops, and this, in addition to the fact that the market last week was unfavorable—as it is reported that but few of them made anything, as prices are relatively higher in the west than in the east—was the principal cause of the very light receipts here this week. Compared with last week, however, there is little or no change in prices, but this is due mainly to the unusual supply. Had there been the same number of cattle on sale that there were last week, there would, in all probability, have been a break, and it was fortunate for those who had cattle on sale that such was not the case, that the offerings were small. As will be seen, the sales were within the range of 6 to 8 cents, some few at 8¾, but it should be borne in mind that there were but few really good cattle in the market, and the same grade of cattle that brought the best week would, in all probability, have brought that figure this week. Indeed, Hedges & Taylor sold 30 head of prime Ohio steers, averaging 1,300, to McPherson, at 9¼ per head, or 8 cts per lb.

THURSDAY, JUNE 23.

	No.	Wgt.	Price.
Phillips & K to Miller	32	40,070	7¾ @
H., L. & Co. to Kelly	44	41,000	7¾ @
FRIDAY, June 24.			
Shirley to Duffy	22	20,456	6 @
H., L. & Co. "	19	15,220	5 75
TUESDAY, JUNE 28.			
H., L & Co. to Stark	6	6,650	6 20
" " Hedges & T.	18	19,620	7 @
Harper & B. to Casey & McP.	48	52,730	7 @
Rochehilds to Mistha	17	18,500	7 25
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 29.			
T. Whittelsey to Klemans & Aull	18,260		7 75
E. Whittelsey " "	18	19,250	7 75
H. & B. " "	50	43,210	5 50
" " Dunlap & Co.	25	22,570	6 25
" " Lamb	55	48,750	8 25
Greenwald & K. to Hedges & T.	70	71,360	7 50
" " "	7	7,350	7 00
Hedges & T. to Lamb	18	21,650	8 25
" " " Evans	18	17,500	7 00
Steel to Klemans & Aull	15	14,100	6 00
Holmes, L. & Co. to Knox	48	38,700	5 45
" " " H. & T.	48	48,700	6 25
Thompson to Cony & McP.	18	20,050	8 00
Friend " "	17	19,380	8 00
Hartridge to Royer	32	32,460	7 50
Klemans & Aull to Young	18	19,000	8 25
THURSDAY, JUNE 30.			
Klemans & Aull to Adair	44	37,550	5 85
Ward to Cony & McP.	45	48,710	8 50
" "	16	19,960	8 25
H., L. & Co. to Graff	32	30,150	6 37
" " Huntsberger	20	21,620	7 @
" " Buch	22	18,720	5 75
" " Huntsberger	20	19,850	6 60
Hedges & T. to Buch	20	20,150	6 15
" " Huntsberger	17	20,220	8 00
Raney & Decker to Lamb & M	16	16,080	6 37

SHEEP.

There was a full supply of sheep, mostly however, of the common and medium grades, but with a pretty full attendance of buyers, the market was reasonably active though prices are lower than last week—some dealers quoted a decline of ½ cent per pound. Quotations may be given as follows: 200@25 lb averages, 5¾@6 cents; 80 4½@5¾ to 80, 5¾@5½; 100, 6@6¾—only one drove sold at the outside quotation. One firm reports having sold, on commission, about 5,000 head at an average of 5 cts, or within the range of $2 per head to 6¾ cts per pound.

HOGS.

The arrivals this week have been unusually light, and notwithstanding the excessive hot weather, the market, especially for the best grades, is better and prices about ¼ higher than last week. The demand is no better, and shippers continue to take hold very sparingly, but with an unusually light supply, an advance was unavoidable, as there was for a time, as there always is under similar circumstances, a pretty lively competition; and shippers in order to get the number they wanted, run prices up on each other an ¼ to a ¾. York hogs have undergone but little change, as compared with last week, and there was little or no inquiry for this particular grade. Philadelphia hogs sold at 9¾@9¾, against 9¾ last week.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
THURSDAY, June 30, 1870. }

Many of the Chicago grain operators, especially the "bulls," who are carrying a heavy load of wheat, are very much dissatisfied with the course of the banks in demanding increased margins, and some of them go so far as to allege that the banks are in the interest of the "bears." Taking a proper view of the matter, however, the banks are perfectly justified in the course they have taken as it was essential in order to protect themselves, notwithstanding it was a serious matter for the "bulls," as it compelled some of them at least to unload sooner than they had expected to, and as a good deal of wheat was thrown upon the market in this way, lower prices were inevitable. The Chicago *Tribune* says: "The bankers have commenced to discriminate against grain holders, so much as to render it almost impossible for any one to carry it unless blessed with an independent fortune, or possessing peculiar facilities, such as those which enable a few to carry it and charge 12 per cent. per month for the accommodation. It would be interesting to know the parties who are interested in bearing the markets, and to understand the exact extent to which they are able to control the money market to their own benefit. The exhibit might prove to be equal to the transactions of a rumbler who holds a handful of stocked cards."

We also clip the following on the same subject from the same paper: Wheat is now worth 8s 9d per cental in Liverpool. That is equivalent to $1.29 per bushel in American gold, counting sterling exchange at its par of 9%. Wheat in this market at $1.05, currency, is 96 cents in gold. The cost of freight from here to Liverpool, with commissions in that market, is, in round figures, 40 cents in gold per bushel. Add this to the 96 cents, and we have $1.36 per bushel in gold, showing that this market is 7 cents in gold, or nearly 8 cents in currency, above the Liverpool market.

APPLES—Sales of new crop at $4 to 5.50@6 per bbl as to quality.

ASHES—Steady but unchanged; Common Soda, 4c; Refined, 4¾c; Pearls, 9¾c; Pots, 7¾c.

BROOMS—Store prices; Fancy, $5.50; No. 1, $4.50; No. 2, $4; No. 3, $3.50; Common, $2.50@3.

BUTTER—Is dull as ever but unchanged—we continue to quote at 14@18 cts., for fair to choice.

CHEESE — Sale of Western Reserve at 11@12, and Factory and Goshen at 13@14.

CHICKENS—Scarce, and prices ruling high and lower; we now quote at 65@70 cts per pair by the coop

CORNMEAL—95@$1 per bushel.

COTTON YARN—Sales of Louisville Hydraulic at $30@35 per bbl.

CARBON OIL—Is dull and weak; nominal at 23@24c, in a jobbing way.

DRIED FRUIT—There is some little inquiry and the market is almost bare of the better qualities. Apples 4½@5c. Peaches 5½@6c for quarters, and 7@8 for halves.

EGGS—Dull but unchanged; sales reported at 10@10 mostly at 10.

FEATHERS—Quiet and unchanged, at 80@85 cts. to the trade.

FLOUR—Is quiet and unchanged—the demand is less active and mainly local, while prices are unchanged. We continue to quote good western flours, in store, at $6@. Fancy brands $6.50@7. Rye flour, $5.

GRAIN—We can report a fair milling demand for wheat, but millers are very bearish and only offering in a jobbing way, while we only offering $1.20 for red, but then very little to be had at this figure. We can report a sale, on wharf, at $1.30 for good red, and $1.40 for white. There is but little doing in oats; and no change in quotations; dealers are paying 49@50c in store, and furnishing sacks; may be quoted at 52½@53c on free cars to go east, and 54@55 for small lots in store. Corn is again dull and drooping, with considerable offering at 90; there would be no difficulty in selling at 85, but the great bulk of the corn in this market is open to speculation, and dealers are not disposed to sell at cost if they can help it. Rye is quiet and unchanged, 80@90 — might bring 91 @92 for prime lots, but none offered on our streets, nor is there any in the city. It was quoted at 87½@88, and today it may go to 89 or 90 cts., before settlements are all made—there is no telling. Futures quiet though firmer.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL.

Fairview Oil Works 742 bbls, on account D C Herbst; same 960, on account Young; A. A. McKee 454, on account Goldrick; Fisher Bros. 160, on account Young; Lyons & Co. 640, on account F. A. Bates; Fisher Bro. 260, on account H. Barbour; Goodhart, J. & Co. 2,205, on account same; A. R. Mills 80, on account W. Bartle.

Total ..... 5,337 bbls.

OIL SHIPMENTS PER A. V. R. R.

B. W. Morgan 52 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

National Refining Co., 104 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F. & Co., Philada.

Fulton, Marvin & Co., 99 bbls ref. oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Phila.

Lyons & Co. 527 bbls refined to Logan Bro. & Co., Philadelphia.

Citizens' Oil Co., 413 bbls refined to Tack Bros., Philadelphia.

Montzheimer & Koehler, 200 bbls ref. oil to Waring, K. & Co., Phila.

Brown & Wagner 115 bbls refined oil to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total ..... 1,520 bbls

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York.

NEW YORK, June 30.—Cotton dull, heavy and lower, with sales of 600 bales at 20¾c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts, 13,270 bbls —dull, heavy and unchanged, with sales of 9,000 bbls at $5@5.50 for superfine State and western, $5.40@5.70 for extra do., $5.75@6.25 for good to choice do., $5.80@6.40 for white wheat western extra, $5.70@6.70 for extra Ohio, $5.90@6 for extra St. Louis. Rye flour dull, with sales of 200 bbls at $5.60@6.60. Corn meal quiet and unchanged. Whiskey heavy and lower, with sales of 300 bbls at 90@92c, closing at $1 for prime iron bound. Wheat—receipts, 216,631 bush—steady and 1c higher; unsound plenty and declining; sales of 120,000 bush at $1.18@1.19 for No. 3 spring, $1.19@1.22 for No. 2 spring, $1.24@1.28¾ for No. 2 Milwaukee, $1.30 for very choice do., $1.35@1.36 for No. 1 Milwaukee, $1.42@1.43¾ for winter red western, $1.50 for white Ohio. Rye nominal. Corn—receipts, 65,468—is 1c better and more active, with sales of 72,000 bush at 90@ 96c for new mixed western, $1@1.06 for western yellow. Oats—receipts, 75,107—heavy, with sales of 46,000 bush at 59@60c for western, 62c for new Ohio and State. Hay quiet. Hops quiet and firm. Coffee quiet. Molasses dull. Rice quiet and firm at $8.00@8.24 for Carolina. Petroleum quiet at 14¾c for crude, and 27c for refined. Sugar firm, with sales of 600 hhds Cuba at 9⅜@9¾c, 200 box Havana at 9⅜@9¾c. Turpentine dull at 37@37½c. Pork heavy and lower; sales of 250 bbls at $29.50 for mess; $23@24.50 for prime; $25.50@26 for prime mess; $26@28.75 for other mess; also 25 bbls mess for July at something under $29.50. Beef quiet; sales 100 bbls at $10@15 for plain mess; $16@18 for extra mess. Tierce beef and beef hams dull and unchanged. Middles dull; sales 40 bxs of Cumberland at 14½@14¾c. Cut meats firm; sales 150 pkgs at 12¾@12¾c for shoulders; 16¾@ 21c for hams; 22@23c for bagged hams. Lard a shade firmer; sales 180 kegs at 16⅝@16¾c for steam; 16¾@16¾c for kettle rendered. Butter steady at 15@23c for western. Cheese quiet at 7¾@9c. Freights to Liverpool firmer; wheat by sail 3½c.

Latest—Flour closed dull and slightly in buyers favor. Wheat firm for sound spring, which is very scarce, at $1.28@1.30 for No 2 Milwaukee; $1.35 for No 1 do. and $1.42@1.43 for winter red western; unsound No 2 spring $1.18@ 1.20; unsound No 3 $1.06@1.07. Rye nominal. Oats heavy at 58@62c for western, and 67@68 for Ohio. Pork nominal. Beef quiet and steady. Cut meats firm with a moderate demand. Bacon steady and quiet. Lard firmer; sales 200 tcs prime steam at 16¾c. Eggs quiet and unchanged.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, June 30.—Flour very dull and prices nominal; family held at $5 50 and extra at $5 75; no sales. Wheat neglected; red winter offered at $1 12@1 15 and new Kentucky at $1 35@1 40. Corn a shade firmer; sales at 84c, mostly held at 85c. Oats dull and 1c lower; sales at 54@56c for rejected mixed to choice white. Rye steady at 98@$1 00. Barley nominally unchanged. Cotton dull and nominal at 19¾c. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Whisky quiet; small sales at $1 00. Mess pork dull and nominal at $27 50@30 00. Bulk meats dull; shoulders 11½; sides 14@14¾; loose bacon lower sales of 80 hhds.; clear rib sides sold at 16@16¾c.; chiefly the inside figure; shoulders held at 13¾c., and clear sides at 17c. Lard dull; small sales at 16c. Butter firm; owing to the hot weather the great bulk of the receipts are packed and sold; choice 18@24c. Cheese dull at 11@13c. Eggs dull and lower; sales at 12@15c. Linseed oil dull at $1 05. Lard oil $1 25@1 35.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 30.—Exchange unchanged. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat less active and 1¾@2c lower, closing nominally at $1.04¾ cash and seller July; this afternoon market unchanged. Corn ½@1c higher, closing at 79½@80c for No 2; this afternoon at 80¾c, seller July. Oats quiet and ½@1c lower, closing at 49c for No 2. Rye quiet and 1c lower. No 2 closed at 78¾@79c. Barley nominal at 90@92c for No 2. Provisions dull. Pork: mess closed at $29.50@29.75. Lard at 15½c. Dry salted shoulders 11½c; short rib middles 14½c. Hogs in light supply and a shade firmer at $8.15@ 8.35 for common to choice. Cattle firmer and steady at $4.50@4.50 for butchers' to extra premium steers. Receipts past 24 hours—4,718 bbls flour, 73,850 bush wheat, 68,526 corn, 30,220 oats, 4,787 rye, 21,008 barley and 466 head hogs. Shipments—2,124 bbls flour, 67,164 bush wheat, 62,427 corn, 18,801 oats, and 4,221 head hogs. Freights quiet.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 30.—Tobacco steady and unchanged. Cotton dull and nominal. Hemp—undressed in moderate demand at $1.48@1.75; common to choice undressed unchanged. Flour very dull, weak and nominally unchanged. Wheat dull and drooping. No 2 spring 86c; No 2 fall $1.08@1.08½; No 1 do $1.25; choice new $1.30@1.40. Corn dull, unsettled and 2@2½c lower; prime mixed and yellow 88c; good to choice white 87@88c. Oats dull at 53@54c. Rye firmer at 80c. Whisky firm at $2.04. Provisions dull at 10¾@12c. Coffee dull at 19¾@21¾c. Molasses range at 35@36c. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Pork $30. Dry salted shoulders 12¾c; clear ribs 15½@16c. Bacon—shoulders 13¾c; clear ribs 16¾@16¾c; clear 17¾c. Sugar cured hams quiet and unchanged at 21@21½c. Lard dull and nominal at 15¾@16c.

ST. LOUIS, June 30.—Cattle active and demand stronger, ranging at 2¾@7¾c. Hogs active at 7¾@8c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, June 30.—This being the closing day of the half year the trade are chiefly employed in taking stock. The market is dull and depressed; the following are the most important changes to-day: Manchester Plaid 9½ sabuing are reduced from 12½ to 11c; Independence stripe 12¾ to 11¾c, Marlboro Plaid 10¾ to 10c, Texas B 9¾ to 9¾c, Alabama Plaid and stripe 10¾ to 10c, Chatahoochie 10¾ to 12¾c, Winona brown Denim 11 to 10½c. Superior do. do. 12 to 11¾c, Chester Dock black and brown Denim 14¾c, to Kingsbridge 13c, to 20c, Augusta ¼ brown 9¾ to 9c, Indian Head 40 inch brown 12¾ to 11c, Wiccasset brown 9 to 8¾c, Granite 4 do. 10 to 9¼c, Suffolk H 9 to 8½c, and International C 9 to 8½c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, June 30.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull; no sales reported. Corn dull at 88c for No. 1, and 86c for No. 2 mixed. Oats; no sales. Rye quiet and unchanged. Barley nominal. Petroleum, Crude $8.75@9.50 per barrel; Refined, 23c per gallon. The market was firmer, and but little doing, both buyers and sellers holding back.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, June 30.—Bagging firm; 2 ¼, 29c; 2, 28c; 1¾, 26c; 1½, 25c; 1¼, 24c; 1, 23c; 7 oz, 22c; 6 oz, 21c; 5 oz, 20c; 4 oz, 19c. Bale rope firm at 10c. Bacon firm; clear rib sides held at 16c; clear sides at 17c. Lard: tierces held at 15¾c; kegs and cans, 17 to 18c, and 18@18½c in kegs and buckets.

PEANUTS—Dull. Tennessee, $3@3 cts.

POTATOES—Sales of prime old Peach Blows at 60 to 65 cts per bushel. Sales of new crop at $1 per bbl.

SEED—Second is in active demand, and crushers are taking all that offers at $ .25. Nothing doing in Clover or Timothy Seeds.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
THURSDAY, June 30, 1870. }

The oil market was somewhat excited today, both here and in Philadelphia, occasioned by some parties who were short being unable to cover, and an effort was made to put crude up here and to advance refined in Philadelphia. The movement was at least a partial success in Philadelphia, while here it was only confined to a few lots, as there were still some contracts out unsettled. There would have been sufficient oil in Philadelphia to cover all or nearly all of the contracts if it had not been for the fact that there was a large amount rejected in consequence of being off color, supposed to have been caused by the excessive hot weather—it is said some fifteen thousand bbls were rejected on this account.

CRUDE.

Spot oil as already intimated, was somewhat firmer, occasioned by several parties being "short," and settlements in some instances coming on, but not effected, as the buyers wanted to settle on a basis considered above the market price. We heard of a settlement of 5,000 bbls at 11¾, and other settlements could have been effected at this figure, but the buyers wanted 12. July, is also better, with a sale reported at 11¾. Selling August quoted at 12, and September to October at same figure.

REFINED.

Spot refined was also stronger and higher. We can report a sale of 1,000 bbls at 23½c, and in the day it was quoted at 23¼@23⅝, and tonight, it may go to 23 or 30 cts., before settlements are all made—there is no telling. Futures quiet though firmer.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL.

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Latest—Flour closed dull and slightly in buyers favor. Wheat firm for sound spring, which is very scarce, at $1.28@1.30 for No 2 Milwaukee; $1.35 for No 1 do. and $1.42@1.43 for winter red western; unsound No 2 spring $1.18@ 1.20; unsound No 3 $1.06@1.07. Rye nominal. Oats heavy at 58@62c for western, and 67@68 for Ohio. Pork nominal. Beef quiet and steady. Cut meats firm with a moderate demand. Bacon steady and quiet. Lard firmer; sales 200 tcs prime steam at 16¾c. Eggs quiet and unchanged.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, June 30.—Flour very dull and prices nominal; family held at $5 50 and extra at $5 75; no sales. Wheat neglected; red winter offered at $1 12@1 15 and new Kentucky at $1 35@1 40. Corn a shade firmer; sales at 84c, mostly held at 85c. Oats dull and 1c lower; sales at 54@56c for rejected mixed to choice white. Rye steady at 98@$1 00. Barley nominally unchanged. Cotton dull and nominal at 19¾c. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Whisky quiet; small sales at $1 00. Mess pork dull and nominal at $27 50@30 00. Bulk meats dull; shoulders 11½; sides 14@14¾; loose bacon lower sales of 80 hhds.; clear rib sides sold at 16@16¾c.; chiefly the inside figure; shoulders held at 13¾c., and clear sides at 17c. Lard dull; small sales at 16c. Butter firm; owing to the hot weather the great bulk of the receipts are packed and sold; choice 18@24c. Cheese dull at 11@13c. Eggs dull and lower; sales at 12@15c. Linseed oil dull at $1 05. Lard oil $1 25@1 35.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 30.—Exchange unchanged. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat less active and 1¾@2c lower, closing nominally at $1.04¾ cash and seller July; this afternoon market unchanged. Corn ½@1c higher, closing at 79½@80c for No 2; this afternoon at 80¾c, seller July. Oats quiet and ½@1c lower, closing at 49c for No 2. Rye quiet and 1c lower. No 2 closed at 78¾@79c. Barley nominal at 90@92c for No 2. Provisions dull. Pork: mess closed at $29.50@29.75. Lard at 15½c. Dry salted shoulders 11½c; short rib middles 14½c. Hogs in light supply and a shade firmer at $8.15@ 8.35 for common to choice. Cattle firmer and steady at $4.50@4.50 for butchers' to extra premium steers. Receipts past 24 hours—4,718 bbls flour, 73,850 bush wheat, 68,526 corn, 30,220 oats, 4,787 rye, 21,008 barley and 466 head hogs. Shipments—2,124 bbls flour, 67,164 bush wheat, 62,427 corn, 18,801 oats, and 4,221 head hogs. Freights quiet.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 30.—Tobacco steady and unchanged. Cotton dull and nominal. Hemp—undressed in moderate demand at $1.48@1.75; common to choice undressed unchanged. Flour very dull, weak and nominally unchanged. Wheat dull and drooping. No 2 spring 86c; No 2 fall $1.08@1.08½; No 1 do $1.25; choice new $1.30@1.40. Corn dull, unsettled and 2@2½c lower; prime mixed and yellow 88c; good to choice white 87@88c. Oats dull at 53@54c. Rye firmer at 80c. Whisky firm at $2.04. Provisions dull at 10¾@12c. Coffee dull at 19¾@21¾c. Molasses range at 35@36c. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Pork $30. Dry salted shoulders 12¾c; clear rib sides 15½@16c. Bacon—shoulders 13¾c; clear rib sides 16¾@16¾c; clear 17¾c. Sugar cured hams quiet and unchanged at 21@21½c. Lard dull and nominal at 15¾@16c.

ST. LOUIS, June 30.—Cattle active and demand stronger, ranging at 2¾@7¾c. Hogs active at 7¾@8c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, June 30.—This being the closing day of the half year the trade are chiefly employed in taking stock. The market is dull and depressed; the following are the most important changes to-day: Manchester Plaid 9¾ sabuing are reduced from 12½ to 11c; Independence stripe 12¾ to 11¾c, Marlboro Plaid 10¾ to 10c, Texas B 9¾ to 9¾c, Alabama Plaid and stripe 10¾ to 10c, Chatahoochie 10¾ to 12¾c, Winona brown Denim 11 to 10½c. Superior do. do. 12 to 11¾c, Chester Dock black and brown Denim 14¾c, to Kingsbridge 13c, to 20c, Augusta ¼ brown 9¾ to 9c, Indian Head 40 inch brown 12¾ to 11c, Wiccasset brown 9 to 8¾c, Granite 4 do. 10 to 9¼c, Suffolk H 9 to 8½c, and International C 9 to 8½c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, June 30.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull; no sales reported. Corn dull at 88c for No. 1, and 86c for No. 2 mixed. Oats; no sales. Rye quiet and unchanged. Barley nominal. Petroleum, Crude $8.75@9.50 per barrel; Refined, 23c per gallon. The market was firmer, and but little doing, both buyers and sellers holding back.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, June 30.—Bagging firm; 2 ¼, 29c; 2, 28c; 1¾, 26c; 1½, 25c; 1¼, 24c; 1, 23c; 7 oz, 22c; 6 oz, 21c; 5 oz, 20c; 4 oz, 19c. Bale rope firm at 10c. Bacon firm; clear rib sides held at 16c; clear sides at 17c. Lard: tierces held at 15¾c; kegs and cans, 17 to 18c, and 18@18½c in kegs and buckets.

PEANUTS—Dull. Tennessee, $3@3 cts.

POTATOES—Sales of prime old Peach Blows at 60 to 65 cts per bushel. Sales of new crop at $1 per bbl.

SEED—Second is in active demand, and crushers are taking all that offers at $ .25. Nothing doing in Clover or Timothy Seeds.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
THURSDAY, June 30, 1870. }

The oil market was somewhat excited today, both here and in Philadelphia, occasioned by some parties who were short being unable to cover, and an effort was made to put crude up here and to advance refined in Philadelphia. The movement was at least a partial success in Philadelphia, while here it was only confined to a few lots, as there were still some contracts out unsettled. There would have been sufficient oil in Philadelphia to cover all or nearly all of the contracts if it had not been for the fact that there was a large amount rejected in consequence of being off color, supposed to have been caused by the excessive hot weather—it is said some fifteen thousand bbls were rejected on this account.

CRUDE.

Spot oil as already intimated, was somewhat firmer, occasioned by several parties being "short," and settlements in some instances coming on, but not effected, as the buyers wanted to settle on a basis considered above the market price. We heard of a settlement of 5,000 bbls at 11¾, and other settlements could have been effected at this figure, but the buyers wanted 12. July, is also better, with a sale reported at 11¾. Selling August quoted at 12, and September to October at same figure.

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THE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

Persons leaving the city for the summer, and wishing to have the GAZETTE sent to them, will please send their addresses to the office. Price by mail, 75 cents per month.

Friday, July 1st, at 3 o'clock, P. M., sale of desirable sites for beautiful country homes.

Barney O'Donnell retired from the city yesterday to the workhouse for four months for general worthlessness.

A stated meeting of the Board of Controllers of Allegheny city, will be held at City Hall on Tuesday evening next at 7½ o'clock.

"Sixty-Six" was the interesting little game with which a couple of Allegheny magistrates yesterday consoled themselves for the dearth of business.

Alderman Eggers yesterday issued a warrant for the arrest of Catherine Lutz for committing a nuisance upon the premises of Louisa Schmidt.

Kate Hughes objected in a legal information yesterday to being called vile names by William Stewart, Alderman Butler issued a warrant for William's arrest.

John Thomas was before Alderman Neubert yesterday for insulting Margaret Davis. The case was not made out and the prosecutrix paid the costs of the suit.

Mary Schultz yesterday made information before Alderman McMasters charging Christiana Feiling with being unfaithful to her husband, who was out of town. Warrant issued.

Beautiful.—Beautiful suburban lots from one to five acres abounding in fruit trees, grapes and shrubbery, only fifteen minutes' drive from Allegheny Diamond. Public sale this afternoon. See advertisement.

For Sale.—Several sets of second-hand window sash with good lights in, and doors, good as new, will be sold very low. Apply today at GAZETTE counting room, corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield street.

Geo. Taylor, residing on Main street, Allegheny, for maintaining an unmuzzled canine which bit Charley Taylor, yesterday, has his name figuring upon Alderman Mullen's docket, and will be arrested whenever found.

Betsy Anderson exhibited her spite at Fred Rubsamen by calling him names. She was such an expert that Fred felt justified in calling Alderman Neubert's attention to the matter, when Betsy was arrested. The case was finally settled.

Ungaliant Jacob Kachs yesterday called Mary J. Aust bad names and threatened to give her a hot water bath—scalding hot. Alderman Mullen's police are instructed to intercept the sanguinary proceedings by arresting Jacob on sight.

Exploded.—Yesterday morning a still bursted at Livingston & Bro.'s oil refinery, just above the Sharpsburg bridge, or what used to be that structure. The still and contents were destroyed, but no other damage done. The loss was not large.

George M. Berch was committed to jail yesterday by Alderman McMasters, for trial, for false pretence. It was alleged that he had obtained bedding and, on account of Mrs. Jessop Gibson, by representing that he had $100 coming to him from a firm in the city, which was not the case.

Yesterday morning a horse attached to a spring wagon ran off in Duquesne Way. The flying team, wagon and all, managed to get over against the Pittsburgh Barge Club boat house, just above the Suspension bridge. The wagon was demolished, the boat house side crushed in, and nobody hurt.

The Connubial tenderness of John Vogel was manifested yesterday in chastising his wife Catherine, diminishing the supply of their crockery, and finally attempting to dissolve matrimonial partnership by causing the demise of Catherine. John is now in jail, awaiting a hearing to come off to-day before Alderman Mullen.

Inquest.—Alderman Donaldson held an inquest on the body of an infant about nine months old, which died suddenly at the Union Depot, Wednesday evening. The child, accompanied by its mother, an English woman, was traveling west, and had been sick for several days. The jury found that the child died from natural causes.

Escaped and Recaptured.—Charles Kennedy, committed to the workhouse by the Mayor on the 14th inst. for ninety days, escaped from that institution Wednesday evening, and was yesterday recaptured by Lieut. Emmett, in the Twelfth ward, and brought to the lockup. The Mayor sent him back to the work house to serve out the remainder of his time.

No Thoroughfare.—Jacob Sigmundi drove through the yard of John Swaney, Fourth ward, Allegheny, yesterday, breaking down a number of fences and injuring flowers and shrubbery of the establishment to such an extent that Mr. Wain was compelled to call upon Alderman Mullen and have the intruder arrested for malicious mischief. He will have a hearing.

Coaled.—Wilson's glass house, Birmingham, was the scene of a little unpleasantness yesterday between two of the journeymen, during which J. B. Wright silenced his opponent, James Parker, by hitting him on the head with a piece of coal. Parker, it is alleged, subsequently was called upon by Parker, and the visit resulted in a warrant being issued for Wright's arrest.

First Presbyterian Church Organ—Postponement of Exhibition.—The completion of the splendid new organ in the First Presbyterian Church, which was to have taken place this evening, has been postponed for a short time, as the organ is not yet completed. Notice will be given in our columns when the exhibition will take place. We understand, however, that it will be used in the services on next Sunday.

Aggravated Assault and Battery.—J. A. Jamison made information before the Mayor yesterday charging Charley Duff, John Kramer and George Kramer with aggravated assault and battery. It is alleged that Duff attacked Mr. Jamison, a member of Council from the Seventh ward ward with a club and shot him in a brutal manner and that the Kramers aided and abetted him. They were arrested and held for a hearing.

Some of the members of the Pittsburgh Barge club, had a very pleasant excursion last evening. The boat left the club house by fifteen of the members were rowed up to the Point, where Shoenberger's spring in excellent supper was attended to with a relish that only *oarsmen* can know of.

The Host M. E. Meinhardt understands *how to keep a hotel*, having been a proprietor of this excellent house since 1857.

That Fountain.—The petition of the citizens of the First ward, Allegheny, for a drinking fountain on the Southwest square of the Diamond has been presented. Who ever the fountain we are not informed, but the fountain is there, as every one may see who passes by the Diamond. It is styled the "Fountain of Health." It is hot a very elaborate affair either in design or finish, yet it looks quite as well as a load of hay or a "huckster stand."

Borrower in Trouble.—A wagon wheel has been the cause of vexatious litigation between Jacob Caufield, of Allegheny, and Fred. Rheay. Fred. borrowed the wheel of Jacob but kept it so long that the owner called for it. He didn't get it, and in fact he got himself kicked out. Meditating upon revenge he sought the office of Alderman Bolster yesterday, and made information charging Fredrick with assault and battery and trover and conversion. Warrant issued.

Still to be Continued.—The Festival at South Common M. E. Church will be continued to-night and also on Monday evening, July 4th, at which time sealed votes will be received and the banner for the most popular Sunday school. Also sealed votes on the gold headed cane which is being contested for by the friends of Walter and Bridget. Walter got ahead again last evening. The contest is waxing warm and it is hard to say at present writing who will be fortunate enough to get it.

Serenade.—Last evening the toils of journalistic life were most agreeably diversified by a serenade, with which we were favored by the popular Iron City Brass Band, under the skillful leadership of Mr. Julius Moore. A number of favorite airs were played, the sweet music evoked attesting in the fullest measure the proficiency of the members in the "art divine." For the pleasant serenade they have the thanks of the whole force, editorial, compositorial and office, all of whom will be pleased to have them call "early and often."

Through the Pipe.

Mike Callahan, a youth of fourteen summers, who was committed to the House of Refuge by the Mayor on the 25th inst., at the instance of his mother, remained in the institution about twenty minutes, as near as can be ascertained, and then took his departure through a sewer pipe which leads from the building to the river. He had been gone about five minutes when the keepers of the institution missed him and thinking he had gone through the pipe, attempted to head him off and catch him when he emerged from its mouth, but they were too late. He has not been seen or heard of in that locality since.

The Commencement of Avery College.

Our colored fellow-citizens of this vicinity are anticipating a brilliant time at the anniversary of this Institution, which will take place on the 7th of July. The Literary Societies will be addressed by Senator H. R. Revels and Judge Wright, of the Supreme Court of South Carolina. Among other distinguished colored scholars who will be present are Bishops John M. Brown and Singleton T. Jones, and the able Hebrew scholar Rev. C. H. Pamper, of Newark, N. J., and Major T. Morris Chester. Truly our colored citizens ought to be proud of such a programme and prepared to give their brethren a becoming reception.

RESENTED THE INSULT.

Ferocious Attack—The Punishment Received.

Yesterday, shortly after noon, a man was brought to the lockup in an intoxicated condition, and looking as if he had just passed through an amateur surgical operation. He could not give his name, but the explanation of his appearance was given by the officer. The man, it seems, while under the influence of liquor, entered Weber's beer saloon, Penn avenue, near Sixteenth street, and endeavored to raise a disturbance. Mrs. Weber was in attendance at the time, and after a few minutes the visitor addressed some words to her which she considered insulting. She immediately attacked him with a club and ejected him from the saloon after inflicting a deep gash upon his forehead, and otherwise abusing him. He was so terribly beaten that medical assistance had to be called in, when his wounds were properly dressed. The lockup then received him, and to-day the case will be investigated.

THE EAST LIBERTY SENSATION.

The Bubble Burst Facts, Not Fancies—Dame Rumor Corncred—The Truth of the Matter.

The *Dispatch* thus very truthfully and successfully explodes a sensation which crept into our columns a day or two ago. We are glad to put the parties right on the record, for we know that they were both injured by the publication of the item, and unwarrantably so, for few gentlemen occupy higher position in public estimation than they. Here is the statement of the *Dispatch*, which, after most careful inquiry we are prepared to heartily endorse:

The city papers of Monday and Tuesday contained what purported to be particulars of a very sensational scene which occurred in East Liberty on last Sabbath. The parties who figured in this affair had hitherto been recognized as among our most respectable citizens, and, at the time, although brief mention of the affair was made in the *Dispatch*, we gave no names, and strongly doubted the probability of the story, which was to the effect that the wife of a well-known stockbroker, had been found in rather an awkward position by the lady's husband. In order to have a full understanding of the matter, we yesterday paid a visit to East Liberty, and from disinterested parties obtained a full account of what gave rise to the rumor. The parties were found to have long occupied a leading position among the stock dealers at the East Liberty stock yards, and for several years have enjoyed the fullest confidence of each other, and as far as the world's goods were concerned, had prospered finely.

The partners, to them the finger of scorn was, for the moment, pointed, has been known among his associates as one of the most exemplary young men doing business about the stock yards, and the news of his difficulty with his partner, and the surrounding circumstances, threw all who had been concerned into a fever of excitement. Ever since this occurrence of Sunday, which was referred to in the papers, the neighborhood of East Liberty and several sections of the city, where the parties were known, was alive with the most picturesque description of "a scene" between the two partners, and the story receiving a fresh impetus from every one who dealt in, culminated yesterday morning in a most pathetic and minute description of the occasion.

Determining to find out the truth or falsity of the story which had gained credence, not only from the newspapers, but from the scandal mongers and citizens generally, we visited the scene of the affair and inquired into the particulars.

After having heard the rumor, as it first gained ground, which was to the effect that the senior partner and his daughter had gone to church, that the wife, who had been left after appeared in the church and requested her father to return to the hotel, where they were residing, as the scene was being enacted in their room between the junior partner and the senior partner's wife; how that the married gentleman rushed to the hotel and there discovered his wife and the junior partner in a most unbecoming attitude; with this on hand we looked for facts. Now, in the outset, we have it from both gentlemen implicated that the whole affair, as statement as to what incurred the little "unpleasantness" that did transpire was not thought much of at the time, indicated at all.

The senior partner, accompanied by one of his daughters, had gone to church. Soon after, the other daughter, and the gentleman arrived in the church, and, seating herself in the pew made a remark to her father relative to the extreme heat of the day. The gentleman in response to the remark said that he would not remain during service but would return to the hotel. He did so, and, on ascending to his room, found the door to the sleeping apartment of himself and wife lying open, while in the center of the room stood the gentleman's wife and on her shoulder rested the head of the junior partner. At the sight, the lady's husband became strangely affected, and doubtless his brain was fired with jealousy or what else his domestic relations were not as happy as they might be. Anyhow, the two gentlemen had a few words of a private and excited conversation, after which they withdrew to a private parlor, where any misunderstanding that might have been between them was happily healed.

Herein lies the entire basis for all the absurd stories of a neck and neck encounter which was so freely circulated.

We yesterday conversed with both the gentleman and we learned us that the above was all that occurred.

The husband, who felt himself wronged, it is but proper to state, for the last long time has received a letter from an anonymous writer, warning him against his partner, and referring to laundry proofs of devotion (which were none other than acts of kindness) which he had noticed between the parties. The contents of this letter, the writer of which has not been discovered, nor do we suppose he ever will be now, were of the most contemptible character. It is supposed some of the friends of the parties that this letter was written by one of the inmates of the hotel. As to why the junior partner's visit has been fully ascertained, yet both the gentlemen feel confident that they will be able to unearth the base hound, who is the sole cause of any little unpleasantness that may have momentarily existed between the parties.

We are now happy to state that all the difficulty, slight as indeed it was, between the gentlemen, has been amicably adjusted, and that they now bear toward each other the kindliest feelings.

Persons will please be the to such rumors as exist a reflection on the characters of two such well known gentlemen as the females mentioned, to cannot be too summarily disposed of, yet we suppose that as long as the world exists we will find scenes of this kind, and scandalmongers who are never so well pleased as when endeavoring to ruin or blacken the character of total friends and neighbors. So ends the "East Liberty Sensation," which, without a beginning or an end, never had any tangible existence.

COLLISION ON THE PANHANDLE.

Runaway Cars—Two Trains Meet on The Road—Loss of Life Narrowly Escaped.

A collision occurred on the Panhandle Railroad, near Dinsmore, Wednesday night. The express train, was due in the city at 12:13. A freight train from the depot here started and near Dinsmore, run on a siding to wait until the express had passed. In doing this several construction cars loaded with brick had to be moved forward on the siding. In doing this some disarrangement of the brakes occurred and the cars, being on a down grade, ran off the siding to the main track and on to the bridge, some distance away. They attained considerable speed, and although the locomotive was sent after them, kept the lead. Just as they entered the bridge—a small one—they struck the express, which came in at the other side, there was a meeting in the center and a smash-up. The impetus of the express train, with the express and baggage cars and two passenger coaches were demolished. The construction cars also met the fate, the bricks being thrown in all directions. The bridge was completely wrecked, the timbers being broken and thrown in the water. The driven so tightly together that they formed a span across the creek—an impromptu bridge.

The passengers all escaped about seventy persons, who somehow escaped. Some of them were slightly bruised, but this was all of the damage. Each escaped seems a miracle. They reached the city yesterday morning, a special train having been sent out for them. The wreckages of the train were hurt and the only loss was in the rolling stock of the company.

Penitentiary Personals.

JOHN ADDINGTON, sentenced to undergo an imprisonment of twenty-four years for homicide, at Portersville, Butler county, is happy and contented. He is making cigars and has put in three years of his term. He has conducted himself admirably, being docile, good natured and industrious. Under the new law he will gain his liberty in fourteen years, unless sooner pardoned.

DR. SMITH, of Lawrenceville, who was sentenced for six years for passing counterfeit money, is making shoes. He looks delicate, but is happy and contented and enjoys good health.

TEDDY MCCARTHY is in the shoemaking department and works well. He is very industrious and conducts himself in good manner.

SINCLAIR, the burglar, is dangerously ill, confined to the hospital, from diseases of the kidneys. He will never come out alive from there.

THOMAS CAROON, of Temperanceville, who shot and killed his son-in-law, is engaged at weaving. He is much depressed in spirit, but conducts himself in an unexceptionable manner.

JACK NELSON is working with saw and plane. He is a good mechanic, and is fat and hearty.

LEONARD HARTMAN is at the loom weaving. He gives no trouble and is measurably well contented.

TOM WHITAKER is running a loom in the weaving shop. He is cheerful and happy, and grows fat upon the prison fare.

KAUFMAN, the Penn street barber who shot a boy who was looking in his window, and who was convicted of murder in the second degree and sentenced to twelve years imprisonment, is at shoe making. He is unhappy and discontented and yearns for liberty.

SYMMS ARNOLD is in the weaving department. He makes a clever apprentice and is no trouble whatever to the warden. He philosophically accepts the situation and is contented and happy.

SHIRADOFF, convicted of rape some four years ago, and sentenced to ten years imprisonment, is a shoemaker and a good one. He is cheerful.

THERE are but eight women in the Penitentiary. They are employed in sewing, supplying the male prisoners with clothing.

THERE are only one hundred and thirty-one prisoners in the Penitentiary, a much less number than for many years occupied that corrective institution.

On His Muscle.

From an information made at the Mayor's office yesterday morning it appears that Charley Gallaher, proprietor of the "Big Sun Flower" saloon, who was formerly a professional prize fighter, has again entered the list of contestants for glory. It is alleged by Jennie DeWalt that Charley and her had a "set to," in which she came out second best. The facts appear to be as follows: Jennie went into Charlie's saloon and was requested to leave, whereupon she became boisterous and refused to go. Charlie showed her out of the house and unfortunately for Jennie a policeman was passing the place at the time and took her in charge. She was taken to the lock-up where she remained over night and yesterday morning was required to pay a fine of five dollars and costs. While smarting under the punishment imposed upon her she resolved to be revenged and made the information as above stated. Charlie was held for a hearing.

Serious Accident.

John Hohizer and William Mitsch, quarrymen employed in Knox's stone quarry at Woods Run, were seriously injured on Wednesday evening. They were blasting rock, and having prepared a blast lighted the fuse, which, from some cause, did not burn. After waiting some minutes on it they both went to see the cause, and while Hohizer was stooping over it the charge exploded, seriously injuring them both. One of Hohizer's eyes was blown out and the sight of the other destroyed. He also received other injuries, which renders his recovery doubtful. Mitsch had one leg fractured in three places and was otherwise injured.

THE COURTS.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe.

THURSDAY, June 30.—Court opened at ten o'clock, A. M., Judge Stowe on the bench.

C. R. Davidson, indicted for larceny, was placed on trial. W. H. Stroop the prosecutor, who is proprietor of a billiard saloon, alleges that on the 9th of April last the defendant was in his employ and at eleven o'clock of that evening he discharged him and that on the following day defendant took $11 from his money drawer and charged himself with it on the book.

The charge of the court to the jury indicated that in the opinion of the court the evidence under the law did not make out a case of larceny. Verdict of not guilty.

The jury returned a verdict of "not guilty." In the case of Daniel Kerr and Carrie Jones, who were indicted jointly with John Nicholson for the murder of Patrick Collins, the District Attorney entered a *nolle pros* and the defendants were discharged.

Commonwealth vs. V. Denhard, indicted for selling liquor on Sunday, was next taken up. The jury returned a verdict of guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Horace Byers, indicted for larceny, E. P. Mynard, prosecutrix, was the next case taken up. The accused was charged with stealing from Opera Pungvast, valued at $25, and a second count for receiving stolen goods. The jury returned a verdict of guilty on the second count, and recommended the defendant to the mercy of the court. The Court sentenced the prisoner to the county jail for seven days.

Commonwealth vs. Ann McLaughlin, indicted for assault and battery. Mrs. Roe prosecutrix. Verdict of not guilty and each party to pay one-half the costs.

Charles Carter, who plead guilty to a charge of larceny, was sentenced to the House of Refuge.

Michael Dierken who plead guilty to a charge of burglary, was called up for sentence. The judge remarked that if the boy had a mother he would send him to her, but as he had not he did not know what to do with him owing to his extreme youth. The boy was remanded to jail.

The next case taken up was that of the Commonwealth vs. Edward Philbin, indicted for assault and battery, jointly with Patrick Duffy. Thomas Corine, the prosecutor, alleges that on the morning of the 17th he was going to his work at the Clinton Iron works and he met the defendant standing on the board walk, Duffy knocked him down and Philbin struck him after he was down. Duffy has not been arrested and Philbin was put on trial alone. Jury out.

TRIAL LIST FOR FRIDAY.

162 Com. vs. Smith Elkins, et al.
77 " John Snyder.
77 " Robert Hanshue.
82 " Phillip Bauer.
82 " David Lewis.
156 " Wm. Wessel.
163 " Levi Richey.
206 " John W. Williams.
85 " Archibald Montgomery.
" Mrs. Barrett.
24 " Thomas De Deville.
100 " Wm. Britton.
150 " Elizabeth Strassberger.

TRIAL LIST FOR SATURDAY.

241 Com. vs. Wm. McBurney.
240 " Abraham Hesely, 2 cases.
127 " John Koontz.
179 " John Moor.
" Catherine McCormick.

Common Pleas—Judge Sterrett.

THURSDAY, June 30.—The case of Campbell vs. the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railway Company, reported yesterday, was resumed and occupied the attention of the court during the entire session.

TRIAL LIST FOR FRIDAY.

364 (O. L.) Independent, 2 cases.
319 Lavington & Bro. vs. Clark.
345 M. & M Insurance Co. vs. Haigh et al.
352 Neel's vs. Wallace.
351 Kennedy vs. Allegheny National Bank.
353 Aurin vs. Appel.
354 Com. vs. Bender.
355 Com. vs. Grier.
356 Roberts vs. Evans.
357 McClelland vs. Berg et al.
360 Anton Zeigler vs. Sawyer & Harr.
The Board of Health vs. Wagner, 2 cases.
Same vs. Brady, 4 cases.
Same vs. Connady, 5 cases.
Same vs. Hoffman, 11 cases.
Same vs. Hier, 10 cases.
Same vs. Taylor, 3 cases.
Same vs. Mullen, 2 cases.
Same vs. Friend, 3 cases.
210 Hutchison vs. Patterson.

THE OIL FIRE.

The Flames Subsided—No Correct Estimates of the Losses—The Insurance.

The flames of the great oil fire have at last subsided, and the losers are now in a condition to sum up their losses. As yet no correct estimate can be given, but sufferers now having completed their schedules. The aggregate, however, from all indications, will not fall much short of a half a million. The following is a list of the insurance companies and the amounts which they respectively lose, so far as heard from:

Citizens, Pittsburgh, $5,000; Independent, of Boston, $5,000; Commercial, Pittsburgh, $2,500; Norwich, Conn., $6,000; Commerce, Albany, $2,500; Hartford, Conn., $5,000; Reserve, Buffalo, $7,000; Peoples, Worcester, $6,150; United States, Baltimore, $6,000; Narragansett, Providence, $6,750; Buffalo, $6,000; Aetna, Hartford, $3,100; Albany City, $5,100; Ætna, N. Y., $3,100; Yonkers, $2,500; Allegheny, $2,500. Total insurance, $80,000; total loss, about $75,000, with a loss of about $30,000.

Eclipse, Ætna, of Hartford, on refinery, $10,000; dwelling and barns, $6,500; Albany City, $9,000; Ætna, N. Y., $7,000; Lancaster City, $4,000; Norwich, $4,500; Hope, $5,000; Artisans, $2,500; Narragansett, $2,500; Buffalo F. & M., $2,500; Western, Buffalo, $2,500; Peoples, Albany, $2,500; Hudson, $2,500; Baltimore, $2,500; Buffalo City, $2,000. Total, $80,500.

National—Ætna, Hartford, $5,000; Albany City, $3,000; Ætna, New York, $1,500; total, $9,500.

Some eight of our home companies have lost nearly $60,000, ranging from $5,000 to $2,000 each, principally upon the bridge. They are Allegheny, $2,500; Peoples, $1,000; Pittsburgh, $8,000; Eureka, $7,000; Boatman, $7,000; Western, $5,000; Cash, $5,000; M. & M., $5,000; total, $59,000.

Register's Business.

The following is an abstract of the business done in the office of Joseph H. Gray, Register for Allegheny county, showing the number of wills admitted to Probate and letters of administration granted during the month of June, 1870:

WILLS ADMITTED.

Deceased.	*Executors.*
Jabez Williams.	Permelia D. Williams.
Thos. E. Hamilton	S. T. Williams.
	Carrie Hamilton.
David Scott	Margaret Harron.
John Frote	W. C. Aughinbaugh.
B. E. Matthews	S. N. & J. N. McCullough.
David Duffy	Ann Duffy and Patrick Duffy.
Bridget Ragens	Catharine Coffee
Fr. Franz Kaufer	Ferdinand Kaufer
Geo. Armstrong	Samuel G. Brown
W. H. Hartje	Mary Hartje
Jacob Hartje	Susan Hartje
John Sarvin	Sabastin Lutz
Eli Anderson	D. A. Anderson, C. T. A.
C. A. Hausman	Wm. L. Berry
Edward Jones	David H. Richard
James McIlwaine	James Welsh.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION.

Deceased.	*Admin'r.*	*Bond.*
George A. Bell.	Jos. A. Anderson	$2,000
Henry Beln.	Amelia Beln	2,000
David Scott	G. G. Krehan	1,000
John Frote	Elizabeth Frote	600
B. E. Matthews	W. C. Aughenbaugh	1,500
David Duffy	Ann Duffy and Patrick Duffy.	3,000
Bridget Ragens	Catharine Coffee	100
Fr. Franz Kaufer	Ferdinand Kaufer	200
Geo. Armstrong	Samuel G. Brown	600
W. H. Hartje	Mary Hartje	1,000
Jacob Hartje	Susan Hartje	1,000
John Sarvin	Sabastin Lutz	200
Eli Anderson	D. A. Anderson, C. T. A.	1,000
C. A. Hausman	Wm. L. Berry	50,000
Edward Jones	David H. Richard	50
James McIlwaine	James Welsh.	6,000

Webster Street Colored School, Allegheny.

The closing excercises for the term, were held on Thursday afternoon in the Webster street school building. The excercises consisted of reading lessons from the Fifth Reader and of original and selected pieces spoken or read alternately with vocal music. We were gratified with the tokens of application on the part of the pupils and of persistant and laborous efforts on the part of their teachers. These efforts would have been crowned with better results if the schedule of grades in the schools were established uniformly. The Principal, Professor Neale, besides being thoroughly qualified, is ardently devoted to his schools, and has the untiring zeal for their advancement. At the close of the excercises the Principal was taken quite by surprise, but soon agreeably recovered his platform and presence by two deputations of the scholars. Each with a pair of elegant fancy Bower-seats filled with flowers and surmounted by a pair, the young Misses of the presentors, addressed Mr. Neale with expressions of a grateful sense of his faithful efforts in their behalf in culture. Mr. Neale's sensibilities were scarcely equal to the draft upon them. He however succeeded, not without parenthetical pauses and visual effusions, in finding words for a very graceful acknowledgment of the unexpected testimonials. Judge Parke of the Fifth ward and Mr. Trimble of the Sixth ward School Boards were present, also Dr. Beer. Pulpress coloreds. A citizen of the Third ward, and our own reporter. These gentlemen were called on for brief addresses and under the pressure of importunities our reporter essayed a short speech. He was followed by Mr. Trimble in a few very appropriate remarks, the best part of which was his testimony to the fine condition of the school, its interest, and the pleasure he had to visit them more frequently than heretofore.

Mr. Pulpress, a representative colored man, always interested for his race, was called up to aid in all measures for its advancement and elevation, made the closing speech, which seemed to us to be well timed, well expressed and the best speech of the evening. It was a subject of regret that more of the parents of pupils and other citizens were not present to enjoy the very interesting and pleasant occasion.

Midnight Fire—Stable Burned at Oakland.

Last night a few minutes before twelve o'clock, an alarm of fire was struck from Box 52, Oakland Car Stables. The engines started out, but did not go all the way, the distance being too great. The alarm was caused by the burning of a stable on the walk below the car station. No cause for its origin could be ascertained. The name of the owner was not known. The structure was burned to the ground, but a horse and the harness were saved. The loss was about three hundred dollars.

Stoneroad's Cathartic Syrup is used in all cases instead of pills, caster oil, epsom salts, &c. Highly flavored. Twenty-five cents. Try it. Sold by all druggists. WFM

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

Interesting Topics Discussed—A Pleasant Session.

The Young Men's Christian Association of Mercer issued a call for a Sunday School Convention, which met at that place on Tuesday evening, 28th instant, and was opened with a sermon by Rev. Mr. Day.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

Convention met at nine o'clock, and spent thirty minutes in devotional exercises.

Dr. Ross, of Greenville, was elected President, and R. M. J. Zahneisser, of Mercer, Secretary.

The first topic: "Who shall Superintend?" was opened by Rev. Mr. Finley, of Mercer, followed by several members. Among other suggestions, we note the following: The Superintendent should *not be* a long-faced man, who never smiles; who would change all the children into men and women. He should not be a fussy man. He *should be* a man who loves children and smiles upon them when they would select, who has organizing ability and can animate others; who goes quietly to his work, and holds on through storm as well as sunshine.

The second topic: "How shall we obtain competent Teachers?" brought out some excellent appeals for teachers' meetings to be held weekly; also, the same method we have in public schools, viz: Training classes and Normal schools.

The third topic: "Shall we have uniform lessons?" opened by Philip Cleveland. The speakers all advocated the affirmative.

Adjourned for dinner.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The fourth topic: "How shall we grade our Schools?" was opened by Dr. Phillips. The only difference of opinion was with regard to the number of grades. The plan of three grades was generally advocated.

Fifth exercise: A teacher's class conducted by Rev. Mr. Day, showing how to draw from the class. First the theme or central thought of the lesson and then those truths which are subordinate.

Sixth topic: "How shall we secure greater interest in our Schools?" Opened by Rev. O'Neill, of Grandville. Important points were brought out in the discussion—First, Commence at the time; Second, Get all, both old and young, into the School; Third, Let the conversion of the scholar be the one great object; Fourth, Be careful about your selection of books. Strong grounds were taken against Sunday School novels. Fifth, Don't call upon "Tom," "Dick" and "Harry" to make speeches.

Seventh exercise: Infant class lesson by J. D. Carlisle, Esq., of Pittsburgh, illustrating the method which he uses in conducting his own class.

Eighth exercise: Sacred Geography, by Rev. S. C. Faris, of Pittsburgh.

Recess till 7½ o'clock.

Ninth: Report of delegate to State Convention—Mr. Ecles.

Tenth topic: "Shall we introduce the temperance question into the Sabbath School?" Opened by Rev. Wm. M. Robinson, of Mercer. The discussion of this topic was perhaps the most interesting part of the session.

After a half hour of free conversation for mutual congratulation and encouragement, the Convention adjourned to meet in Greenville at the call of the Executive Committee.

Altogether the Convention was the most pleasant and interesting County Convention we have attended this season.

Fire Crackers.

It would be a shame to stop the boys and girls from firing off Chinese crackers in all directions, and flinging fire works around generally, merely because the practice is intensely disagreeable to most people, and horses will run away on account of it. Nor does it matter that thousands of dollars worth of property are annually destroyed by the fires which this practice gives rise to. It would be a shame to enforce any law which would deprive the dear children of any such innocent pastime, and the cries of the horseboats seem to think so, for all over the city, wherever we go, we are startled by the loud reports of exploding crackers, that burst at short intervals throughout the day we are greeted with ear-piercing salutes from from the neighborhood of Smith and Smithfield, a friend tells us that when playing croquet in a back yard on Monday, a package, evidently one of the newly invented giant torpedoes was flung over the wall from the street, and bursting with a report that created quite a panic in the ladies. This variation of the amusement, although intruding on the privacy of citizens is over-looked in the general desire to enjoy and deny the dear innocents that scanty pleasure, even if by so doing eyes and ears and property might be injured. The above is intended to be looked upon as irony.]

Personals.

HIS HONOR JUDGE KIRKPATRICK was elected an honorary member of the Allegheny Base Ball Club, last evening.

MR. A. H. SILVEY, of the *Christian Advocate* office, is the latest recruit to Hymen's ranks from among the editorial fraternity. The interesting event took place last evening in the First Methodist church in this city, the bride being Miss Lide M. Hamnett, daughter of Dr. Hamnett, of Wilkinsburg. The happy couple immediately started for Niagara on a wedding tour. Peace be theirs, and joy.

The Right Thing—The Right Place.

Mr. Editor:—I was led by your favorable notice of J. F. Bellstine, and by the testimony of a friend who has used it with him for more than a year, to try for myself the quality of the various kinds of meat for which he is celebrated. My experience is good proof that Bellstine offers the best market in Pittsburgh or 20 Allegheny Market, is, as you have said, a model. Call and see for yourself. Beef, pork, mutton, or veal, cut and served exactly as they should be. Try him and be convinced.

DINNER AT HOME.

Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Ammunition and Gun materials of all kind, at Lowest Prices, at H. Johnston's Great Western Gun Works, 179 Smithfield street. Repairing neatly done. Guns for hire. Army Rifles, Carbines and Revolvers bought or taken in exchange. Call and see or write for a Price List. MWF

Henry G. Hale, Merchant Tailor, has just received a large assortment of linens and alpaccas, also a large assortment of fancy goods for summer wear generally, corner Penn avenue and Sixth street. tf

Public Sale of desirable lots this afternoon at "City View." Don't fail to read the advertisement.

Don't fail to read advertisement of public sale of suburban lots at City View, July 1.

City View Lots, from one to five acres. Sale July 1. See advertisement.

Beautiful Sites for suburban homes. Sale July 1. See advertisement.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

At Denver, Colorado, yesterday, J. C. Davidson made his third attempt at suicide, failing again.

Charles Humphreys, a well known Philadelphia merchant, died Wednesday evening, aged 75 years.

—Hon. D. W. Voorhees has been nominated by the Democracy for re-election to Congress from the Sixth Indiana district.

—Frederick Knoll, who tried to murder his wife, at Cincinnati, last Sunday, and then to take his own life, died yesterday.

—The receipts of revenue in the Second Ohio district were over four hundred and seventy-six thousand dollars for June.

—Mary Day, the woman who shot Gus Banks, river pilot, in the street at Memphis, on Wednesday, was committed to prison.

—The New Orleans firemen arrived at Philadelphia on Tuesday, and were escorted through the streets by forty city companies.

—Benton Eldert, Wednesday, shot his wife and then killed himself, near Hamilton, N. Y. His wife may recover. Jealousy was the cause.

—Wm. H. Andrews, a colored member of the Virginia Legislature, from Surry, has been arrested on a charge of perjury, and bailed to appear.

—John Hess, a well-to-do farmer living near Quincy, Ill., committed suicide Wednesday by hanging himself to a tree in one of his fields. The reason for his doing so is not known.

—At a meeting of citizens and workmen in Tremont temple, Boston, yesterday afternoon and evening, speeches were made and resolutions adopted against the introduction of Chinese labor into this country.

—The examination of Wm. Oder, conductor of the freight train that caused the terrible collision at Eureka, May 12th, terminated at St. Louis yesterday, and the Court held the accused in bail in a charge of manslaughter in the fourth degree, fixing the bail at $1,000.

—The Republican Congressional Committee is fully organized for the campaign, with Congressman Platt, of Virginia, has been chosen Secretary. Senator Wilson remaining chairman. It has been decided to make opposition to the importation of Chinese laborers a party question.

—All the special assistant assessors employed to assess the income taxes, will be discharged on July 1. A number of regular assistant assessors will also be dismissed, as the Commissioner has given orders that the revenue districts throughout the country be reorganized and the force reduced.

—The United States District Court, in session at Madison, Wisconsin, Justice Miller presiding, while trying the case of Ira Clow against the Northwestern Packet Company, damages laid at $50,000, was brought to a sudden close yesterday by a telegram from Washington announcing that the case in question was no more. The judge and officers are populized their duty in their premises.

—Haas and Powell's large distillery, at Lyons, some twelve miles from Chicago, took fire about noon yesterday and was completely destroyed with contents, including twenty-two hundred barrels of highwines, worth $120,000. Loss, $170,000. The fire was probably the work of an incendiary, as the distillery had been closed since last Saturday night. Both in the second time it has been burned.

—At Wheeling, Wednesday morning, Mrs. Sarah Beeles was awakened by her sick child wishing a drink of water. She arose, and finding that the lamp in the room had burned low, attempted to refill it while burning. The flames communicated with the can and an explosion immediately occurred, and the room was so badly burned that she died a few hours after the accident, suffering intense agony.

—The steamship Tennessee which left Charleston, South Carolina, for New York on Tuesday with a large freight and fifty passengers, was discovered to be on fire in the lower hold when forty miles northeast of Cape Romain. Captain Chichester ran for the shore and scuttled the steamer in ten feet water. The weather being clear the passengers and crew were safely landed on the beach. The steamer City Point went to their assistance. The Tennessee was valued at $250,000.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, June 30.—Flour unchanged. Wheat quiet at $1 16 for No. 1; $1 10¾ for No. 2. Corn steady at 52c. for No. 2. Other grains nominal.

IF YOU don't want to be sun struck, find some convenient place where they keep Pier, Dannals & Co's. cream ale on draft and moisten yourself with it three or four times every day. In this way you are kept fire proof.

NEW YORK CITY.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, June 30, 1870.

MASS MEETING OF WORKINGMEN.

The grand mass meeting of workingmen held in Tompkins square to-night was an unmistakable protest against the introduction of Chinese labor. Over six thousand were present. Nelson W. Young presided and made a lengthy speech against the Chinese labor system inaugurated in Massachusetts. Appropriate resolutions were adopted. Speeches were made by Mayor Hall and others strongly sympathizing with the subject of the meeting, which was throughout orderly.

INJUNCTION REFUSED.

Judge Barnard to-day refused to grant an injunction against the Lake Shore Company selling tickets for the New York Central Railroad. Other points involved in the suit of the Erie V. S. L. S. are not yet decided.

AWARD REJECTED.

The Supreme Court overruled the award of $25,000 to the city for streets occupied by the new Harlem Railroad Depot, the evidence showing the fee of property taken is worth $570,000. New commissioners are appointed to fix the compensation.

THE TREASURY THIEF.

Charles S. Merriman has been arrested on suspicion of concern in the robbery of the United States Treasury at Washington of $30,000. In his possession were found $